

Currents

Community Development District

*Meeting Agenda
September 10, 2026*

*PFM Management Services LLC
2301 N.E. 37th Street
Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33308
Phone: (954) 658-4900*

CURRENTS

Community Development District

LOCATION: Windsor Office Suites at Strand Professional Park
5660 Strand Court
Naples, Florida 34110

DATE: September 10, 2026

TIME: 10:00 AM

MEETING AGENDA

Board of Supervisors

Felipe Gonzalez, Chairman

Ryan Futch, Vice Chairman

Jarret English, Assistant Secretary

Valeria Lagunas-Silva, Assistant Secretary

James P. Ward, District Manager

2301 N.E. 37th Street

Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33308

wardj@pfm.com

Phone: (954) 658-4900

The Public is provided with two opportunities to speak during the meeting. The first time is on each agenda item, and the second time is at the end of the agenda, on any other matter not on the agenda. These are limited to three (3) minutes unless further time is granted by the Presiding Officer. All remarks shall be addressed to the Board as a body and not to any member of the Board or staff. Please state your name and the name of the entity represented (if applicable) and the item on the agenda to be addressed.

Pursuant to Florida Statutes 286.0105, if a person decided to appeal any decision made by the body with respect to any matter considered at such meeting, he or she will need a record of the proceedings, and for such purpose, he or she may need to ensure that a verbatim record of the proceedings is made, which record includes testimony and evidence upon which the appeal is to be based.

Meeting Link: <https://pfmcdd.webex.com/pfmcdd/j.php?MTID=mfc778d077bb12a3e7a8982004b76f2c8>

✓ Phone: (844) 621-3956 Code: 2534 500 0730; Event Password: Jpward

SEPTEMBER, 2026

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AGENDA

1. Call to Order & Roll Call
2. Acceptance of the Resignation of Mr. Tommy Dean from Seat 4, effective July 10, 2026, whose term is set to expire November 2026.
 - I. Appointment of individual to fill Seat 4
 - II. Oath of Office
 - III. Board Member Compensation - W-9 Form
 - IV. Guide to the Sunshine Law and Code of Ethics for Public Employees
 - V. Sample of E-filed Form 1 - Statement of Financial Interests. (Changes to the Law and filing requirements as of January 1, 2024)

Page 6-52
3. Consideration of **Resolution 2026-12**, a Resolution of the Board of Supervisors re-designating the officers of the Currents Community Development District.

Page 53-54
4. Minutes:
 - I. May 14, 2026 - Public Hearings and Regular Meeting.

Pages 55-60
5. Staff Reports.
 - I. District Attorney
 - II. District Engineer
 - III. District Asset Manager
 - IV. District Manager
 - a) Goals and Objectives Requirements for CDDs for 2026.
 - b) **Important Meeting Dates for Fiscal Year 2026-2027:**
 - NEXT MEETING: Landowners Election: **November 12, 2026.**
 - c) Commission on Ethics Required Annual Ethics Training Memorandum.
 - d) Financial Statements for the period ending June 30, 2026 (unaudited).
 - e) Financial Statements for the period ending July 31, 2026 (unaudited).
 - f) Financial Statements for the period ending August 31, 2026 (unaudited).

Pages 61-99
6. Supervisors' Requests.
7. Public Comments for Non-Agenda items.

These are limited to three (3) minutes and individuals are permitted to speak on items not included in the agenda.
8. Adjournment.

AGENDA

Meeting Schedule - FY 2027

Thursday, October 8, 2026	Thursday, November 12, 2026
Thursday, December 10, 2026	Thursday, January 14, 2027
Thursday, February 11, 2027	Thursday, March 11, 2027
Thursday, April 8, 2027	Thursday, May 13, 2027
Thursday, June 10, 2027	Thursday, July 8, 2027
Thursday, August 12, 2027	Thursday, September 9, 2027

This portion of the agenda is provided for a more comprehensive explanation of the items for consideration by the Board of Supervisors during the meeting.

Item 2: The next item is administrative in nature and is to accept the Resignation of Mr. Tommy Dean from Seat 4, which became effective July 30, 2026, whose term is set to expire November 2026.

The District's Charter, Chapter 190 F.S. provides the mechanism for which to replace a member who has resigned. Essentially, the remaining members, by majority vote of the Board of Supervisors have the sole responsibility for filling the unexpired term of office of the resigning member. Once the Board appoints an individual to fill the seat, Mr. Ward will make arrangements to swear those individuals into office.

The newly appointed Board Members must file a Form 1 - Statement of Financial Interests, which must be filed with the Florida Commission on Ethics within thirty (30) days of being seated on this Board.

Additionally, if the newly appointed Board member currently sits as a member of any other Community Development District Board, they must amend their current Form 1 - Statement of Financial Interests to now include the Buckeye Park Community Development District. The amended form must be filed with the Florida Commission on Ethics within thirty (30) days of being seated on this Board of Supervisors.

AGENDA

- Item 3: Consideration of **Resolution 2026-12**, a Resolution of the Board of Supervisors re-designating the officers of the Currents Community Development District. Below are the existing officers for the District:

OFFICE	NAME OF OFFICE HOLDER
CHAIRPERSON	FELIPE GONZALEZ
VICE-CHAIRPERSON	RYAN FUTCH
ASSISTANT SECRETARY	JARRETT ENGLISH
ASSISTANT SECRETARY	VALERIA LAGUNAS-SILVA
ASSISTANT SECRETARY	VACANT
SECRETARY & TREASURER	JAMES P. WARD

- Item 4: Minutes - May 7, 2026 - Regular Meeting.
- Item 5: Staff Reports: Staff Reports are an opportunity to communicate to the Board of Supervisors on matters that did not require Board action or that did not appear on the Agenda and the Professional Staff deemed this to be of a matter that was to be brought to the attention for action or informational purposes of the Board of Supervisors before the ensuing Board of Supervisors Meeting.

From: [Tommy Dean](#)
To: [Cori Dissinger](#); [James Ward](#)
Subject: Currents CDD Resignation
Date: Friday, July 10, 2026 8:15:46 AM
Attachments: [logo_a17af0dc-c052-4f2e-bce5-923961899a82.png](#)
[logo-2_9f6a9e4d-394e-4aa7-9805-3e284132ecfa.png](#)
[logo1_a9675785-c650-4ddd-a68e-ad89a98cceb2.png](#)

ALERT: This message is from an external source. **BE CAUTIOUS** before clicking any link or attachment

Cori,

Hope all is well.

I am reaching out to resign from my position on the Currents CCD. Please confirm receipt and if any additional steps are required?

To confirm I will still need to submit a form 1 for the year of 2026-2027? Thank you!

Best,

Tommy Dean

Land Development Manager | Naples Division

T: TDean@taylormorrison.com
M: +12394521654 www.taylormorrison.com



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*Taylor Morrison received the highest numerical score in the proprietary Lifestory Research 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, and 2026 America's Most Trusted® Home Builder study. Your experiences may vary. Visit www.lifestoryresearch.com for details. Forbes 2025 Most Trusted Companies in America and America's Best Companies are created via an independent survey of consumers. Visit www.forbes.com/lists/most-trusted-companies and www.forbes.com/lists/best-companies for details. Equal Housing Builder.

OATH OR AFFIRMATION OF OFFICE

I, _____, a citizen of the State of Florida and of the United States of America, and being an officer of the **Currents Community Development District** and a recipient of public funds as such officer, do hereby solemnly swear or affirm that I will support the Constitution of the United States and of the State of Florida, and will faithfully, honestly and impartially discharge the duties devolving upon me as a member of the Board of Supervisors of the **Currents Community Development District**, Collier County, Florida.

Signature

Printed Name: _____

STATE OF FLORIDA
COUNTY OF _____

Sworn to (or affirmed) before me by means of ☐ Physical presence or ☐ online notarization this ____ day of _____, 2026, by _____, whose signature appears hereinabove, ☐ who is personally known to me or ☐ who produced _____ as identification.

NOTARY PUBLIC
STATE OF FLORIDA

Print Name: _____

My Commission Expires: _____

**Request for Taxpayer
Identification Number and Certification**

Go to www.irs.gov/FormW9 for instructions and the latest information.

**Give form to the
requester. Do not
send to the IRS.**

Before you begin. For guidance related to the purpose of Form W-9, see *Purpose of Form*, below.

Print or type. See Specific Instructions on page 3.	1 Name of entity/individual. An entry is required. (For a sole proprietor or disregarded entity, enter the owner's name on line 1, and enter the business/disregarded entity's name on line 2.)	
	2 Business name/disregarded entity name, if different from above.	
	3a Check the appropriate box for federal tax classification of the entity/individual whose name is entered on line 1. Check only one of the following seven boxes. ☐ Individual/sole proprietor ☐ C corporation ☐ S corporation ☐ Partnership ☐ Trust/estate ☐ LLC. Enter the tax classification (C = C corporation, S = S corporation, P = Partnership) Note: Check the "LLC" box above and, in the entry space, enter the appropriate code (C, S, or P) for the tax classification of the LLC, unless it is a disregarded entity. A disregarded entity should instead check the appropriate box for the tax classification of its owner. ☐ Other (see instructions) _____	4 Exemptions (codes apply only to certain entities, not individuals; see instructions on page 3): Exempt payee code (if any) _____ Exemption from Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA) reporting code (if any) _____ (Applies to accounts maintained outside the United States.)
	3b If on line 3a you checked "Partnership" or "Trust/estate," or checked "LLC" and entered "P" as its tax classification, and you are providing this form to a partnership, trust, or estate in which you have an ownership interest, check this box if you have any foreign partners, owners, or beneficiaries. See instructions ☐	
	5 Address (number, street, and apt. or suite no.). See instructions.	Requester's name and address (optional)
	6 City, state, and ZIP code	
	7 List account number(s) here (optional)	

Part I Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on line 1 to avoid backup withholding. For individuals, this is generally your social security number (SSN). However, for a resident alien, sole proprietor, or disregarded entity, see the instructions for Part I, later. For other entities, it is your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see *How to get a TIN*, later.

Note: If the account is in more than one name, see the instructions for line 1. See also *What Name and Number To Give the Requester* for guidelines on whose number to enter.

Social security number											
				-				-			
or											
Employer identification number											
					-						

Part II Certification

Under penalties of perjury, I certify that:

- The number shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for a number to be issued to me); and
- I am not subject to backup withholding because (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) I have not been notified by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or dividends, or (c) the IRS has notified me that I am no longer subject to backup withholding; and
- I am a U.S. citizen or other U.S. person (defined below); and
- The FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that I am exempt from FATCA reporting is correct.

Certification instructions. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that you are currently subject to backup withholding because you have failed to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transactions, item 2 does not apply. For mortgage interest paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an individual retirement arrangement (IRA), and, generally, payments other than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the certification, but you must provide your correct TIN. See the instructions for Part II, later.

Sign Here	Signature of U.S. person	Date
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General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

Future developments. For the latest information about developments related to Form W-9 and its instructions, such as legislation enacted after they were published, go to www.irs.gov/FormW9.

What's New

Line 3a has been modified to clarify how a disregarded entity completes this line. An LLC that is a disregarded entity should check the appropriate box for the tax classification of its owner. Otherwise, it should check the "LLC" box and enter its appropriate tax classification.

New line 3b has been added to this form. A flow-through entity is required to complete this line to indicate that it has direct or indirect foreign partners, owners, or beneficiaries when it provides the Form W-9 to another flow-through entity in which it has an ownership interest. This change is intended to provide a flow-through entity with information regarding the status of its indirect foreign partners, owners, or beneficiaries, so that it can satisfy any applicable reporting requirements. For example, a partnership that has any indirect foreign partners may be required to complete Schedules K-2 and K-3. See the Partnership Instructions for Schedules K-2 and K-3 (Form 1065).

Purpose of Form

An individual or entity (Form W-9 requester) who is required to file an information return with the IRS is giving you this form because they

must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN), which may be your social security number (SSN), individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN), adoption taxpayer identification number (ATIN), or employer identification number (EIN), to report on an information return the amount paid to you, or other amount reportable on an information return. Examples of information returns include, but are not limited to, the following.

- Form 1099-INT (interest earned or paid).
- Form 1099-DIV (dividends, including those from stocks or mutual funds).
- Form 1099-MISC (various types of income, prizes, awards, or gross proceeds).
- Form 1099-NEC (nonemployee compensation).
- Form 1099-B (stock or mutual fund sales and certain other transactions by brokers).
- Form 1099-S (proceeds from real estate transactions).
- Form 1099-K (merchant card and third-party network transactions).
- Form 1098 (home mortgage interest), 1098-E (student loan interest), and 1098-T (tuition).
- Form 1099-C (canceled debt).
- Form 1099-A (acquisition or abandonment of secured property).

Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN.

Caution: If you don't return Form W-9 to the requester with a TIN, you might be subject to backup withholding. See *What is backup withholding*, later.

By signing the filled-out form, you:

1. Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued);
2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding; or
3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee; and
4. Certify to your non-foreign status for purposes of withholding under chapter 3 or 4 of the Code (if applicable); and
5. Certify that FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that you are exempt from the FATCA reporting is correct. See *What Is FATCA Reporting*, later, for further information.

Note: If you are a U.S. person and a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

Definition of a U.S. person. For federal tax purposes, you are considered a U.S. person if you are:

- An individual who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident alien;
- A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States;
- An estate (other than a foreign estate); or
- A domestic trust (as defined in Regulations section 301.7701-7).

Establishing U.S. status for purposes of chapter 3 and chapter 4 withholding. Payments made to foreign persons, including certain distributions, allocations of income, or transfers of sales proceeds, may be subject to withholding under chapter 3 or chapter 4 of the Code (sections 1441–1474). Under those rules, if a Form W-9 or other certification of non-foreign status has not been received, a withholding agent, transferee, or partnership (payor) generally applies presumption rules that may require the payor to withhold applicable tax from the recipient, owner, transferor, or partner (payee). See Pub. 515, *Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities*.

The following persons must provide Form W-9 to the payor for purposes of establishing its non-foreign status.

- In the case of a disregarded entity with a U.S. owner, the U.S. owner of the disregarded entity and not the disregarded entity.
- In the case of a grantor trust with a U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner, generally, the U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner of the grantor trust and not the grantor trust.
- In the case of a U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust), the U.S. trust and not the beneficiaries of the trust.

See Pub. 515 for more information on providing a Form W-9 or a certification of non-foreign status to avoid withholding.

Foreign person. If you are a foreign person or the U.S. branch of a foreign bank that has elected to be treated as a U.S. person (under Regulations section 1.1441-1(b)(2)(iv) or other applicable section for chapter 3 or 4 purposes), do not use Form W-9. Instead, use the appropriate Form W-8 or Form 8233 (see Pub. 515). If you are a qualified foreign pension fund under Regulations section 1.897(l)-1(d), or a partnership that is wholly owned by qualified foreign pension funds, that is treated as a non-foreign person for purposes of section 1445 withholding, do not use Form W-9. Instead, use Form W-8EXP (or other certification of non-foreign status).

Nonresident alien who becomes a resident alien. Generally, only a nonresident alien individual may use the terms of a tax treaty to reduce or eliminate U.S. tax on certain types of income. However, most tax treaties contain a provision known as a saving clause. Exceptions specified in the saving clause may permit an exemption from tax to continue for certain types of income even after the payee has otherwise become a U.S. resident alien for tax purposes.

If you are a U.S. resident alien who is relying on an exception contained in the saving clause of a tax treaty to claim an exemption from U.S. tax on certain types of income, you must attach a statement to Form W-9 that specifies the following five items.

1. The treaty country. Generally, this must be the same treaty under which you claimed exemption from tax as a nonresident alien.
2. The treaty article addressing the income.
3. The article number (or location) in the tax treaty that contains the saving clause and its exceptions.
4. The type and amount of income that qualifies for the exemption from tax.
5. Sufficient facts to justify the exemption from tax under the terms of the treaty article.

Example. Article 20 of the U.S.-China income tax treaty allows an exemption from tax for scholarship income received by a Chinese student temporarily present in the United States. Under U.S. law, this student will become a resident alien for tax purposes if their stay in the United States exceeds 5 calendar years. However, paragraph 2 of the first Protocol to the U.S.-China treaty (dated April 30, 1984) allows the provisions of Article 20 to continue to apply even after the Chinese student becomes a resident alien of the United States. A Chinese student who qualifies for this exception (under paragraph 2 of the first Protocol) and is relying on this exception to claim an exemption from tax on their scholarship or fellowship income would attach to Form W-9 a statement that includes the information described above to support that exemption.

If you are a nonresident alien or a foreign entity, give the requester the appropriate completed Form W-8 or Form 8233.

Backup Withholding

What is backup withholding? Persons making certain payments to you must under certain conditions withhold and pay to the IRS 24% of such payments. This is called “backup withholding.” Payments that may be subject to backup withholding include, but are not limited to, interest, tax-exempt interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, nonemployee pay, payments made in settlement of payment card and third-party network transactions, and certain payments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

You will not be subject to backup withholding on payments you receive if you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return.

Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:

1. You do not furnish your TIN to the requester;
2. You do not certify your TIN when required (see the instructions for Part II for details);
3. The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN;
4. The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only); or
5. You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding, as described in item 4 under “*By signing the filled-out form*” above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only).

Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See *Exempt payee code*, later, and the separate Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

See also *Establishing U.S. status for purposes of chapter 3 and chapter 4 withholding*, earlier.

What Is FATCA Reporting?

The Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA) requires a participating foreign financial institution to report all U.S. account holders that are specified U.S. persons. Certain payees are exempt from FATCA reporting. See *Exemption from FATCA reporting code*, later, and the Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

Updating Your Information

You must provide updated information to any person to whom you claimed to be an exempt payee if you are no longer an exempt payee and anticipate receiving reportable payments in the future from this person. For example, you may need to provide updated information if you are a C corporation that elects to be an S corporation, or if you are no longer tax exempt. In addition, you must furnish a new Form W-9 if the name or TIN changes for the account, for example, if the grantor of a grantor trust dies.

Penalties

Failure to furnish TIN. If you fail to furnish your correct TIN to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

Civil penalty for false information with respect to withholding. If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

Criminal penalty for falsifying information. Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

Misuse of TINs. If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

Specific Instructions

Line 1

You must enter one of the following on this line; **do not** leave this line blank. The name should match the name on your tax return.

If this Form W-9 is for a joint account (other than an account maintained by a foreign financial institution (FFI)), list first, and then circle, the name of the person or entity whose number you entered in Part I of Form W-9. If you are providing Form W-9 to an FFI to document a joint account, each holder of the account that is a U.S. person must provide a Form W-9.

• **Individual.** Generally, enter the name shown on your tax return. If you have changed your last name without informing the Social Security Administration (SSA) of the name change, enter your first name, the last name as shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

Note for ITIN applicant: Enter your individual name as it was entered on your Form W-7 application, line 1a. This should also be the same as the name you entered on the Form 1040 you filed with your application.

• **Sole proprietor.** Enter your individual name as shown on your Form 1040 on line 1. Enter your business, trade, or "doing business as" (DBA) name on line 2.

• **Partnership, C corporation, S corporation, or LLC, other than a disregarded entity.** Enter the entity's name as shown on the entity's tax return on line 1 and any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.

• **Other entities.** Enter your name as shown on required U.S. federal tax documents on line 1. This name should match the name shown on the charter or other legal document creating the entity. Enter any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.

• **Disregarded entity.** In general, a business entity that has a single owner, including an LLC, and is not a corporation, is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner (a disregarded entity). See Regulations section 301.7701-2(c)(2). A disregarded entity should check the appropriate box for the tax classification of its owner. Enter the owner's name on line 1. The name of the owner entered on line 1 should never be a disregarded entity. The name on line 1 should be the name shown on the income tax return on which the income should be reported. For

example, if a foreign LLC that is treated as a disregarded entity for U.S. federal tax purposes has a single owner that is a U.S. person, the U.S. owner's name is required to be provided on line 1. If the direct owner of the entity is also a disregarded entity, enter the first owner that is not disregarded for federal tax purposes. Enter the disregarded entity's name on line 2. If the owner of the disregarded entity is a foreign person, the owner must complete an appropriate Form W-8 instead of a Form W-9. This is the case even if the foreign person has a U.S. TIN.

Line 2

If you have a business name, trade name, DBA name, or disregarded entity name, enter it on line 2.

Line 3a

Check the appropriate box on line 3a for the U.S. federal tax classification of the person whose name is entered on line 1. Check only one box on line 3a.

IF the entity/individual on line 1 is a(n) . . .	THEN check the box for . . .
• Corporation	Corporation.
• Individual or	Individual/sole proprietor.
• Sole proprietorship	
• LLC classified as a partnership for U.S. federal tax purposes or	Limited liability company and enter the appropriate tax classification:
• LLC that has filed Form 8832 or 2553 electing to be taxed as a corporation	P = Partnership, C = C corporation, or S = S corporation.
• Partnership	Partnership.
• Trust/estate	Trust/estate.

Line 3b

Check this box if you are a partnership (including an LLC classified as a partnership for U.S. federal tax purposes), trust, or estate that has any foreign partners, owners, or beneficiaries, and you are providing this form to a partnership, trust, or estate, in which you have an ownership interest. You must check the box on line 3b if you receive a Form W-8 (or documentary evidence) from any partner, owner, or beneficiary establishing foreign status or if you receive a Form W-9 from any partner, owner, or beneficiary that has checked the box on line 3b.

Note: A partnership that provides a Form W-9 and checks box 3b may be required to complete Schedules K-2 and K-3 (Form 1065). For more information, see the Partnership Instructions for Schedules K-2 and K-3 (Form 1065).

If you are required to complete line 3b but fail to do so, you may not receive the information necessary to file a correct information return with the IRS or furnish a correct payee statement to your partners or beneficiaries. See, for example, sections 6698, 6722, and 6724 for penalties that may apply.

Line 4 Exemptions

If you are exempt from backup withholding and/or FATCA reporting, enter in the appropriate space on line 4 any code(s) that may apply to you.

Exempt payee code.

- Generally, individuals (including sole proprietors) are not exempt from backup withholding.
- Except as provided below, corporations are exempt from backup withholding for certain payments, including interest and dividends.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding for payments made in settlement of payment card or third-party network transactions.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding with respect to attorneys' fees or gross proceeds paid to attorneys, and corporations that provide medical or health care services are not exempt with respect to payments reportable on Form 1099-MISC.

The following codes identify payees that are exempt from backup withholding. Enter the appropriate code in the space on line 4.

1—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a), any IRA, or a custodial account under section 403(b)(7) if the account satisfies the requirements of section 401(f)(2).

- 2—The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities.
- 3—A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or territory, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities.
- 4—A foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities.
- 5—A corporation.
- 6—A dealer in securities or commodities required to register in the United States, the District of Columbia, or a U.S. commonwealth or territory.
- 7—A futures commission merchant registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission.
- 8—A real estate investment trust.
- 9—An entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940.
- 10—A common trust fund operated by a bank under section 584(a).
- 11—A financial institution as defined under section 581.
- 12—A middleman known in the investment community as a nominee or custodian.
- 13—A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947.

The following chart shows types of payments that may be exempt from backup withholding. The chart applies to the exempt payees listed above, 1 through 13.

IF the payment is for . . .	THEN the payment is exempt for . . .
• Interest and dividend payments	All exempt payees except for 7.
• Broker transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4 and 6 through 11 and all C corporations. S corporations must not enter an exempt payee code because they are exempt only for sales of noncovered securities acquired prior to 2012.
• Barter exchange transactions and patronage dividends	Exempt payees 1 through 4.
• Payments over \$600 required to be reported and direct sales over \$5,000 ¹	Generally, exempt payees 1 through 5. ²
• Payments made in settlement of payment card or third-party network transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4.

¹ See Form 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Information, and its instructions.

² However, the following payments made to a corporation and reportable on Form 1099-MISC are not exempt from backup withholding: medical and health care payments, attorneys' fees, gross proceeds paid to an attorney reportable under section 6045(f), and payments for services paid by a federal executive agency.

Exemption from FATCA reporting code. The following codes identify payees that are exempt from reporting under FATCA. These codes apply to persons submitting this form for accounts maintained outside of the United States by certain foreign financial institutions. Therefore, if you are only submitting this form for an account you hold in the United States, you may leave this field blank. Consult with the person requesting this form if you are uncertain if the financial institution is subject to these requirements. A requester may indicate that a code is not required by providing you with a Form W-9 with "Not Applicable" (or any similar indication) entered on the line for a FATCA exemption code.

A—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a) or any individual retirement plan as defined in section 7701(a)(37).

B—The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities.

C—A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or territory, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities.

D—A corporation the stock of which is regularly traded on one or more established securities markets, as described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i).

E—A corporation that is a member of the same expanded affiliated group as a corporation described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i).

F—A dealer in securities, commodities, or derivative financial instruments (including notional principal contracts, futures, forwards, and options) that is registered as such under the laws of the United States or any state.

G—A real estate investment trust.

H—A regulated investment company as defined in section 851 or an entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940.

I—A common trust fund as defined in section 584(a).

J—A bank as defined in section 581.

K—A broker.

L—A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947(a)(1).

M—A tax-exempt trust under a section 403(b) plan or section 457(g) plan.

Note: You may wish to consult with the financial institution requesting this form to determine whether the FATCA code and/or exempt payee code should be completed.

Line 5

Enter your address (number, street, and apartment or suite number). This is where the requester of this Form W-9 will mail your information returns. If this address differs from the one the requester already has on file, enter "NEW" at the top. If a new address is provided, there is still a chance the old address will be used until the payor changes your address in their records.

Line 6

Enter your city, state, and ZIP code.

Part I. Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. If you are a resident alien and you do not have, and are not eligible to get, an SSN, your TIN is your IRS ITIN. Enter it in the entry space for the Social security number. If you do not have an ITIN, see *How to get a TIN* below.

If you are a sole proprietor and you have an EIN, you may enter either your SSN or EIN.

If you are a single-member LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner, enter the owner's SSN (or EIN, if the owner has one). If the LLC is classified as a corporation or partnership, enter the entity's EIN.

Note: See *What Name and Number To Give the Requester*, later, for further clarification of name and TIN combinations.

How to get a TIN. If you do not have a TIN, apply for one immediately. To apply for an SSN, get Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card, from your local SSA office or get this form online at www.SSA.gov. You may also get this form by calling 800-772-1213. Use Form W-7, Application for IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Number, to apply for an ITIN, or Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number, to apply for an EIN. You can apply for an EIN online by accessing the IRS website at www.irs.gov/EIN. Go to www.irs.gov/Forms to view, download, or print Form W-7 and/or Form SS-4. Or, you can go to www.irs.gov/OrderForms to place an order and have Form W-7 and/or Form SS-4 mailed to you within 15 business days.

If you are asked to complete Form W-9 but do not have a TIN, apply for a TIN and enter "Applied For" in the space for the TIN, sign and date the form, and give it to the requester. For interest and dividend payments, and certain payments made with respect to readily tradable instruments, you will generally have 60 days to get a TIN and give it to the requester before you are subject to backup withholding on payments. The 60-day rule does not apply to other types of payments. You will be subject to backup withholding on all such payments until you provide your TIN to the requester.

Note: Entering "Applied For" means that you have already applied for a TIN or that you intend to apply for one soon. See also *Establishing U.S. status for purposes of chapter 3 and chapter 4 withholding*, earlier, for when you may instead be subject to withholding under chapter 3 or 4 of the Code.

Caution: A disregarded U.S. entity that has a foreign owner must use the appropriate Form W-8.

Part II. Certification

To establish to the withholding agent that you are a U.S. person, or resident alien, sign Form W-9. You may be requested to sign by the withholding agent even if item 1, 4, or 5 below indicates otherwise.

For a joint account, only the person whose TIN is shown in Part I should sign (when required). In the case of a disregarded entity, the person identified on line 1 must sign. Exempt payees, see *Exempt payee code*, earlier.

Signature requirements. Complete the certification as indicated in items 1 through 5 below.

1. Interest, dividend, and barter exchange accounts opened before 1984 and broker accounts considered active during 1983. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

2. Interest, dividend, broker, and barter exchange accounts opened after 1983 and broker accounts considered inactive during 1983. You must sign the certification or backup withholding will apply. If you are subject to backup withholding and you are merely providing your correct TIN to the requester, you must cross out item 2 in the certification before signing the form.

3. Real estate transactions. You must sign the certification. You may cross out item 2 of the certification.

4. Other payments. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification unless you have been notified that you have previously given an incorrect TIN. "Other payments" include payments made in the course of the requester's trade or business for rents, royalties, goods (other than bills for merchandise), medical and health care services (including payments to corporations), payments to a nonemployee for services, payments made in settlement of payment card and third-party network transactions, payments to certain fishing boat crew members and fishermen, and gross proceeds paid to attorneys (including payments to corporations).

5. Mortgage interest paid by you, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, qualified tuition program payments (under section 529), ABLE accounts (under section 529A), IRA, Coverdell ESA, Archer MSA or HSA contributions or distributions, and pension distributions. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

What Name and Number To Give the Requester

For this type of account:	Give name and SSN of:
1. Individual	The individual
2. Two or more individuals (joint account) other than an account maintained by an FFI	The actual owner of the account or, if combined funds, the first individual on the account ¹
3. Two or more U.S. persons (joint account maintained by an FFI)	Each holder of the account
4. Custodial account of a minor (Uniform Gift to Minors Act)	The minor ²
5. a. The usual revocable savings trust (grantor is also trustee)	The grantor-trustee ¹
b. So-called trust account that is not a legal or valid trust under state law	The actual owner ¹
6. Sole proprietorship or disregarded entity owned by an individual	The owner ³
7. Grantor trust filing under Optional Filing Method 1 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(A))**	The grantor*

For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of:
8. Disregarded entity not owned by an individual	The owner
9. A valid trust, estate, or pension trust	Legal entity ⁴
10. Corporation or LLC electing corporate status on Form 8832 or Form 2553	The corporation
11. Association, club, religious, charitable, educational, or other tax-exempt organization	The organization
12. Partnership or multi-member LLC	The partnership
13. A broker or registered nominee	The broker or nominee
14. Account with the Department of Agriculture in the name of a public entity (such as a state or local government, school district, or prison) that receives agricultural program payments	The public entity
15. Grantor trust filing Form 1041 or under the Optional Filing Method 2, requiring Form 1099 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(B))**	The trust

¹ List first and circle the name of the person whose number you furnish. If only one person on a joint account has an SSN, that person's number must be furnished.

² Circle the minor's name and furnish the minor's SSN.

³ You must show your individual name on line 1, and enter your business or DBA name, if any, on line 2. You may use either your SSN or EIN (if you have one), but the IRS encourages you to use your SSN.

⁴ List first and circle the name of the trust, estate, or pension trust. (Do not furnish the TIN of the personal representative or trustee unless the legal entity itself is not designated in the account title.)

* **Note:** The grantor must also provide a Form W-9 to the trustee of the trust.

** For more information on optional filing methods for grantor trusts, see the Instructions for Form 1041.

Note: If no name is circled when more than one name is listed, the number will be considered to be that of the first name listed.

Secure Your Tax Records From Identity Theft

Identity theft occurs when someone uses your personal information, such as your name, SSN, or other identifying information, without your permission to commit fraud or other crimes. An identity thief may use your SSN to get a job or may file a tax return using your SSN to receive a refund.

To reduce your risk:

- Protect your SSN,
- Ensure your employer is protecting your SSN, and
- Be careful when choosing a tax return preparer.

If your tax records are affected by identity theft and you receive a notice from the IRS, respond right away to the name and phone number printed on the IRS notice or letter.

If your tax records are not currently affected by identity theft but you think you are at risk due to a lost or stolen purse or wallet, questionable credit card activity, or a questionable credit report, contact the IRS Identity Theft Hotline at 800-908-4490 or submit Form 14039.

For more information, see Pub. 5027, Identity Theft Information for Taxpayers.

Victims of identity theft who are experiencing economic harm or a systemic problem, or are seeking help in resolving tax problems that have not been resolved through normal channels, may be eligible for Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) assistance. You can reach TAS by calling the TAS toll-free case intake line at 877-777-4778 or TTY/TDD 800-829-4059.

Protect yourself from suspicious emails or phishing schemes.

Phishing is the creation and use of email and websites designed to mimic legitimate business emails and websites. The most common act is sending an email to a user falsely claiming to be an established legitimate enterprise in an attempt to scam the user into surrendering private information that will be used for identity theft.

The IRS does not initiate contacts with taxpayers via emails. Also, the IRS does not request personal detailed information through email or ask taxpayers for the PIN numbers, passwords, or similar secret access information for their credit card, bank, or other financial accounts.

If you receive an unsolicited email claiming to be from the IRS, forward this message to phishing@irs.gov. You may also report misuse of the IRS name, logo, or other IRS property to the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration (TIGTA) at 800-366-4484. You can forward suspicious emails to the Federal Trade Commission at spam@uce.gov or report them at www.ftc.gov/complaint. You can contact the FTC at www.ftc.gov/idtheft or 877-IDTHEFT (877-438-4338). If you have been the victim of identity theft, see www.IdentityTheft.gov and Pub. 5027.

Go to www.irs.gov/IdentityTheft to learn more about identity theft and how to reduce your risk.

Privacy Act Notice

Section 6109 of the Internal Revenue Code requires you to provide your correct TIN to persons (including federal agencies) who are required to file information returns with the IRS to report interest, dividends, or certain other income paid to you; mortgage interest you paid; the acquisition or abandonment of secured property; the cancellation of debt; or contributions you made to an IRA, Archer MSA, or HSA. The person collecting this form uses the information on the form to file information returns with the IRS, reporting the above information. Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths and territories for use in administering their laws. The information may also be disclosed to other countries under a treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce civil and criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism. You must provide your TIN whether or not you are required to file a tax return. Under section 3406, payors must generally withhold a percentage of taxable interest, dividends, and certain other payments to a payee who does not give a TIN to the payor. Certain penalties may also apply for providing false or fraudulent information.

FLORIDA COMMISSION ON ETHICS



**GUIDE
to the
SUNSHINE AMENDMENT
and
CODE of ETHICS
for Public Officers and Employees**

2026

State of Florida COMMISSION ON ETHICS

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Jeremy M. Rodgers
Tallahassee

Abbey L. Stewart
Tallahassee

Linda Stewart
Orlando

Kerrie Stillman
Executive Director
P.O. Drawer 15709
Tallahassee, FL 32317-5709
www.ethics.state.fl.us
(850) 488-7864*

*Please direct all requests for information to this number.

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I. HISTORY OF FLORIDA'S ETHICS LAWS

Florida has been a leader among the states in establishing ethics standards for public officials and recognizing the right of citizens to protect the public trust against abuse. Our state Constitution was revised in 1968 to require a code of ethics, prescribed by law, for all state employees and non-judicial officers prohibiting conflict between public duty and private interests.

Florida's first successful constitutional initiative resulted in the adoption of the Sunshine Amendment in 1976, providing additional constitutional guarantees concerning ethics in government. In the area of enforcement, the Sunshine Amendment requires that there be an independent commission (the Commission on Ethics) to investigate complaints concerning breaches of public trust by public officers and employees other than judges.

The Code of Ethics for Public Officers and Employees is found in Chapter 112 (Part III) of the Florida Statutes. Foremost among the goals of the Code is to promote the public interest and maintain the respect of the people for their government. The Code is also intended to ensure that public officials conduct themselves independently and impartially, not using their offices for private gain other than compensation provided by law. While seeking to protect the integrity of government, the Code also seeks to avoid the creation of unnecessary barriers to public service.

Criminal penalties, which initially applied to violations of the Code, were eliminated in 1974 in favor of administrative enforcement. The Legislature created the Commission on Ethics that year "to serve as guardian of the standards of conduct" for public officials, state and local. Five of the Commission's nine members are appointed by the Governor, and two each are appointed by the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives. No more than five Commission members may be members of the same political party, and none may be lobbyists, or hold any public employment during their two-year terms of office. A chair is selected from among the members to serve a one-year term and may not succeed himself or herself.

II. ROLE OF THE COMMISSION ON ETHICS

In addition to its constitutional duties regarding the investigation of complaints, the Commission:

- Renders advisory opinions to public officials;
- Prescribes forms for public disclosure;

- Prepares mailing lists of public officials subject to financial disclosure for use in distributing forms and notifying delinquent filers;
- Makes recommendations to disciplinary officials when appropriate for violations of ethics and disclosure laws, since it does not impose penalties;
- Administers the Executive Branch Lobbyist Registration and Reporting Law;
- Maintains financial disclosure filings of constitutional officers and state officers and employees; and,
- Administers automatic fines for public officers and employees who fail to timely file required annual financial disclosure.

III. THE ETHICS LAWS

The ethics laws generally consist of two types of provisions, those prohibiting certain actions or conduct and those requiring that certain disclosures be made to the public. The following descriptions of these laws have been simplified in an effort to provide notice of their requirements. Therefore, we suggest that you also review the wording of the actual law. Citations to the appropriate laws are in brackets.

The laws summarized below apply generally to all public officers and employees, state and local, including members of advisory bodies. The principal exception to this broad coverage is the exclusion of judges, as they fall within the jurisdiction of the Judicial Qualifications Commission.

Public Service Commission (PSC) members and employees, as well as members of the PSC Nominating Council, are subject to additional ethics standards that are enforced by the Commission on Ethics under Chapter 350, Florida Statutes. Further, members of the governing boards of charter schools are subject to some of the provisions of the Code of Ethics [Sec. 1002.33(26), Fla. Stat.], as are the officers, directors, chief executive officers and some employees of business entities that serve as the chief administrative or executive officer or employee of a political subdivision. [Sec. 112.3136, Fla. Stat.].

A. Prohibited Actions or Conduct

1. Stolen Valor

A candidate, an elected public officer, an appointed public officer, or a public employee may not, for the **purpose of material gain**, knowingly misrepresent their military service or a decoration, medal title, honor, awarded qualification or military occupational specialty from the Armed Forces of the United States.

Candidates, elected public officers, appointed public officers, and public employees are also prohibited, for the purpose of material gain, from knowingly making false statements or misrepresenting active service in the Armed Forces of the United States during a wartime era, regardless of whether there was a declared war, or service in combat operations in a warzone, including misrepresentations or false statement of being a prisoner of war.

A candidate elected public officer, appointed public officer or a public employee may not, for the purpose of material gain, wear the uniform or any medal or insignia authorized for use by members or veterans of the Armed Forces of the United States that he or she is not authorized to wear.

2. Solicitation and Acceptance of Gifts

Public officers, employees, local government attorneys, and candidates are prohibited from soliciting or accepting anything of value, such as a gift, loan, reward, promise of future employment, favor, or service, that is based on an understanding that their vote, official action, or judgment would be influenced by such gift. [Sec. 112.313(2), Fla. Stat.]

Persons required to file financial disclosure FORM 1 or FORM 6 (see Part III F of this brochure), and state procurement employees, are prohibited from soliciting any gift from a political committee, lobbyist who has lobbied the official or his or her agency within the past 12 months, or the partner, firm, employer, or principal of such a lobbyist or from a vendor doing business with the official's agency. [Sec. 112.3148, Fla. Stat.]

Persons required to file FORM 1 or FORM 6, and state procurement employees are prohibited from directly or indirectly accepting a gift worth more than \$100 from such a lobbyist, from a partner, firm, employer, or principal of the lobbyist, or from a political committee or vendor doing business with their agency. [Sec.112.3148, Fla. Stat.]

However, notwithstanding Sec. 112.3148, Fla. Stat., no Executive Branch lobbyist or principal shall make, directly or indirectly, and no Executive Branch agency official who files FORM 1 or FORM 6 shall knowingly accept, directly or indirectly, any expenditure made for the purpose of lobbying. [Sec. 112.3215, Fla. Stat.] Typically, this would include gifts valued at less than \$100 that formerly were permitted under Section 112.3148, Fla. Stat. Similar rules apply to members and employees of the Legislature. However, these laws are not administered by the Commission on Ethics. [Sec. 11.045, Fla. Stat.]

Also, persons required to file Form 1 or Form 6, and state procurement employees and members of their immediate families, are prohibited from accepting any gift from a political committee. [Sec. 112.31485, Fla. Stat.]

3. Unauthorized Compensation

Public officers or employees, local government attorneys, and their spouses and minor children are prohibited from accepting any compensation, payment, or thing of value when they know, or with the exercise of reasonable care should know, that it is given to influence a vote or other official action. [Sec. 112.313(4), Fla. Stat.]

4. Misuse of Public Position

Public officers and employees, and local government attorneys are prohibited from **corruptly** using or attempting to use their official positions or the resources thereof to obtain a **special privilege or benefit** for themselves or others. [Sec. 112.313(6), Fla. Stat.]

5. Abuse of Public Position

Public officers and employees are prohibited from abusing their public positions in order to obtain a disproportionate benefit for themselves or certain others. [Article II, Section 8(h), Florida Constitution.]

6. Disclosure or Use of Certain Information

Public officers and employees and local government attorneys are prohibited from disclosing or using information not available to the public and obtained by reason of their public position, for the personal benefit of themselves or others. [Sec. 112.313(8), Fla. Stat.]

7. Solicitation or Acceptance of Honoraria

Persons required to file financial disclosure FORM 1 or FORM 6 (see Part III F of this brochure), and state procurement employees, are prohibited from **soliciting** honoraria related to their public offices or duties. [Sec. 112.3149, Fla. Stat.]

Persons required to file FORM 1 or FORM 6, and state procurement employees, are prohibited from knowingly **accepting** an honorarium from a political committee, lobbyist who has lobbied the person's agency within the past 12 months, or the partner, firm, employer, or principal of such a lobbyist, or from a vendor doing business with the official's agency. However, they may accept the payment of expenses related to an honorarium event from such individuals or entities, provided that the expenses are disclosed. See Part III F of this brochure. [Sec. 112.3149, Fla. Stat.]

Lobbyists and their partners, firms, employers, and principals, as well as political committees and vendors, are prohibited from **giving** an honorarium to persons required to file FORM 1 or FORM 6 and to state procurement employees. Violations of this law may result in fines of up to \$5,000 and prohibitions against lobbying for up to two years. [Sec. 112.3149, Fla. Stat.]

However, notwithstanding Sec. 112.3149, Fla. Stat., no Executive Branch or legislative lobbyist or principal shall make, directly or indirectly, and no Executive Branch agency official who files FORM 1 or FORM 6 shall knowingly accept, directly or indirectly, **any expenditure** made for the purpose of lobbying. [Sec. 112.3215, Fla. Stat.] This may include honorarium event related expenses that formerly were permitted under Sec. 112.3149, Fla. Stat. Similar rules apply to members and employees of the Legislature. However, these laws are not administered by the Commission on Ethics. [Sec. 11.045, Fla. Stat.]

B. Prohibited Employment and Business Relationships

1. Doing Business With One's Agency

(a) A public employee acting as a purchasing agent, or public officer acting in an official capacity, is prohibited from purchasing, renting, or leasing any realty, goods, or services for his or her agency from a business entity in which the officer or employee or his or her spouse or child owns more than a 5% interest. [Sec. 112.313(3), Fla. Stat.]

(b) A public officer or employee, acting in a private capacity, also is prohibited from renting, leasing, or selling any realty, goods, or services to his or her own agency if the officer or employee is a state officer or employee, or, if he or she is an officer or employee of a political subdivision, to that subdivision or any of its agencies. [Sec. 112.313(3), Fla. Stat.]

2. Conflicting Employment or Contractual Relationship

(a) A public officer or employee is prohibited from holding any employment or contract with any business entity or agency regulated by or doing business with his or her public agency. [Sec. 112.313(7), Fla. Stat.]

(b) A public officer or employee also is prohibited from holding any employment or having a contractual relationship which will pose a frequently recurring conflict between the official's private interests and public duties or which will impede the full and faithful discharge of the official's public duties. [Sec. 112.313(7), Fla. Stat.]

(c) Limited exceptions to this prohibition have been created in the law for legislative bodies, certain special tax districts, drainage districts, and persons whose professions or occupations qualify them to hold their public positions. [Sec. 112.313(7)(a) and (b), Fla. Stat.]

3. Exemptions—Pursuant to Sec. 112.313(12), Fla. Stat., the prohibitions against doing business with one's agency and having conflicting employment may not apply:

(a) When the business is rotated among all qualified suppliers in a city or county.

(b) When the business is awarded by sealed, competitive bidding and neither the official nor his or her spouse or child have attempted to persuade agency personnel to enter the contract. NOTE: Disclosure of the interest of the official, spouse, or child and the nature of the business must be filed prior to or at the time of submission of the bid on Commission FORM 3A with the Commission on Ethics or Supervisor of Elections, depending on whether the official serves at the state or local level.

(c) When the purchase or sale is for legal advertising, utilities service, or for passage on a common carrier.

(d) When an emergency purchase must be made to protect the public health, safety, or welfare.

(e) When the business entity is the only source of supply within the political subdivision and there is full disclosure of the official's interest to the governing body on Commission FORM 4A.

(f) When the aggregate of any such transactions does not exceed \$500 in a calendar year.

(g) When the business transacted is the deposit of agency funds in a bank of which a county, city, or district official is an officer, director, or stockholder, so long as agency records show that the governing body has determined that the member did not favor his or her bank over other qualified banks.

(h) When the prohibitions are waived in the case of ADVISORY BOARD MEMBERS by the appointing person or by a two-thirds vote of the appointing body (after disclosure on Commission FORM 4A).

(i) When the public officer or employee purchases in a private capacity goods or services, at a price and upon terms available to similarly situated members of the general public, from a business entity which is doing business with his or her agency.

(j) When the public officer or employee in a private capacity purchases goods or services from a business entity which is subject to the regulation of his or her agency where the price and terms of the transaction are available to similarly situated members of the general public and the officer or employee makes full disclosure of the relationship to the agency head or governing body prior to the transaction.

4. Additional Exemptions

No elected public officer is in violation of the conflicting employment prohibition when employed by a tax exempt organization contracting with his or her agency so long as the officer is not directly or indirectly compensated as a result of the contract, does not participate in any way

in the decision to enter into the contract, abstains from voting on any matter involving the employer, and makes certain disclosures. [Sec. 112.313(15), Fla. Stat.]

5. Legislators Lobbying State Agencies

A member of the Legislature is prohibited from representing another person or entity for compensation during his or her term of office before any state agency other than judicial tribunals. [Art. II, Sec. 8(e), Fla. Const., and Sec. 112.313(9), Fla. Stat.]

6. Additional Lobbying Restrictions for Certain Public Officers and Employees

A statewide elected officer; a member of the legislature; a county commissioner; a county officer pursuant to Article VIII or county charter; a school board member; a superintendent of schools; an elected municipal officer; an elected special district officer in a special district with ad valorem taxing authority; or a person serving as a secretary, an executive director, or other agency head of a department of the executive branch of state government shall not lobby for compensation on issues of policy, appropriations, or procurement before the federal government, the legislature, any state government body or agency, or any political subdivision of this state, during his or her term of office. [Art. II Sec 8(f)(2), Fla. Const. and Sec. 112.3121, Fla. Stat.]

7. Employees Holding Office

A public employee is prohibited from being a member of the governing body which serves as his or her employer. [Sec. 112.313(10), Fla. Stat.]

8. Professional and Occupational Licensing Board Members

An officer, director, or administrator of a state, county, or regional professional or occupational organization or association, while holding such position, may not serve as a member of a state examining or licensing board for the profession or occupation. [Sec. 112.313(11), Fla. Stat.]

9. Contractual Services: Prohibited Employment

A state employee of the executive or judicial branch who participates in the decision-making process involving a purchase request, who influences the content of any specification or procurement standard, or who renders advice, investigation, or auditing, regarding his or her agency's contract for services, is prohibited from being employed with a person holding such a contract with his or her agency. [Sec. 112.3185(2), Fla. Stat.]

10. Local Government Attorneys

Local government attorneys, such as the city attorney or county attorney, and their law firms are prohibited from representing private individuals and entities before the unit of local government which they serve. A local government attorney cannot recommend or otherwise refer to his or her firm legal work involving the local government unit unless the attorney's contract authorizes or mandates the use of that firm. [Sec. 112.313(16), Fla. Stat.]

11. Dual Public Employment

Candidates and elected officers are prohibited from accepting public employment if they know or should know it is being offered for the purpose of influence. Further, public employment may not be accepted unless the position was already in existence or was created without the anticipation of the official's interest, was publicly advertised, and the officer had to meet the same qualifications and go through the same hiring process as other applicants. For elected public officers already holding public employment, no promotion given for the purpose of influence may be accepted, nor may promotions that are inconsistent with those given other similarly situated employees. [Sec. 112.3125, Fla. Stat.]

C. Restrictions on Appointing, Employing and Contracting with Relatives

1. Anti-Nepotism Law

A public official is prohibited from seeking for a relative any appointment, employment, promotion, or advancement in the agency in which he or she is serving or over which the official exercises jurisdiction or control. No person may be appointed, employed, promoted, or advanced in or to a position in an agency if such action has been advocated by a related public official who is serving in or exercising jurisdiction or control over the agency; this includes relatives of members of collegial government bodies. NOTE: This prohibition does not apply to school districts (except as provided in Sec. 1012.23, Fla. Stat.), community colleges and state universities, or to appointments of boards, other than those with land-planning or zoning responsibilities, in municipalities of fewer than 35,000 residents. Also, the approval of budgets does not constitute "jurisdiction or control" for the purposes of this prohibition. This provision does not apply to volunteer emergency medical, firefighting, or police service providers. [Sec. 112.3135, Fla. Stat.]

2. Additional Restrictions

A state employee of the executive or judicial branch or the PSC is prohibited from directly or indirectly procuring contractual services for his or her agency from a business entity of which a

relative is an officer, partner, director, or proprietor, or in which the employee, or his or her spouse, or children own more than a 5% interest. [Sec. 112.3185(6), Fla. Stat.]

D. Standards of Conduct for Officers and Employees of Entities Serving as Chief Administrative Officers of Political Subdivisions

The officers, directors, and chief executive officer of a business entity that is serving as the chief administrative or executive officer or employee of a political subdivision, and any employee of that business entity who is acting as the chief administrative or executive officer or employee of the political subdivision, are public officers and employees subject to the following standards of conduct:

- i. Section 112.313, and their “agency” is the political subdivision. However, the contract allowing the business entity to serve as the chief executive or administrative officer of the political subdivision is not deemed to violate the prohibitions against doing business with one’s own agency [Sec. 112.313(3), Fla. Stat.] and conflicting employment and contractual relationships [Sec. 112.313(7)(a), Fla. Stat.];
- ii. The Form 1 financial disclosure requirement for “local officers” [Sec. 112.3145, Fla. Stat.];
- iii. And the Form 9 and the Form 10 gift disclosure requirements for “reporting individuals” [Secs. 112.3148 & 112.3149, Fla. Stat.]. [Sec. 112.3136, Fla. Stat.]

E. Post Office Holding and Employment (Revolving Door) Restrictions

1. Lobbying by Former Legislators, Statewide Elected Officers, and Appointed State Officers

A member of the Legislature or a statewide elected or appointed state official is prohibited for two years following vacation of office from representing another person or entity for compensation before the government body or agency of which the individual was an officer or member. Former members of the Legislature are also prohibited for two years from lobbying the executive branch. [Art. II, Sec. 8(e), Fla. Const. and Sec. 112.313(9), Fla. Stat.]

2. Lobbying by Former State Employees

Certain employees of the executive and legislative branches of state government are prohibited from personally representing another person or entity for compensation before the agency with which they were employed for a period of two years after leaving their positions,

unless employed by another agency of state government. [Sec. 112.313(9), Fla. Stat.] These employees include the following:

(a) Executive and legislative branch employees serving in the Senior Management Service and Selected Exempt Service, as well as any person employed by the Department of the Lottery having authority over policy or procurement.

(b) Persons serving in the following position classifications: the Auditor General; the director of the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability (OPPAGA); the Sergeant at Arms and Secretary of the Senate; the Sergeant at Arms and Clerk of the House of Representatives; the executive director and deputy executive director of the Commission on Ethics; an executive director, staff director, or deputy staff director of each joint committee, standing committee, or select committee of the Legislature; an executive director, staff director, executive assistant, legislative analyst, or attorney serving in the Office of the President of the Senate, the Office of the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Senate Majority Party Office, the Senate Minority Party Office, the House Majority Party Office, or the House Minority Party Office; the Chancellor and Vice-Chancellors of the State University System; the general counsel to the Board of Regents; the president, vice presidents, and deans of each state university; any person hired on a contractual basis and having the power normally conferred upon such persons, by whatever title; and any person having the power normally conferred upon the above positions.

This prohibition does not apply to a person who was employed by the Legislature or other agency prior to July 1, 1989; who was a defined employee of the State University System or the Public Service Commission who held such employment on December 31, 1994; or who reached normal retirement age and retired by July 1, 1991. It does apply to OPS employees.

PENALTIES: Persons found in violation of this section are subject to the penalties contained in the Code (see **PENALTIES**, Part V) as well as a civil penalty in an amount equal to the compensation which the person received for the prohibited conduct. [Sec. 112.313(9)(a)5, Fla. Stat.]

3. 6-Year Lobbying Ban

For a period of six years after vacation of public position occurring on or after December 31, 2022, a statewide elected officer or member of the legislature shall not lobby for compensation on issues of policy, appropriations, or procurement before the legislature or any state government body or agency. [Art. II Sec 8(f)(3)a., Fla. Const. and Sec. 112.3121, Fla. Stat.]

For a period of six years after vacation of public position occurring on or after December 31, 2022, a person serving as a secretary, an executive director, or other agency head of a

department of the executive branch of state government shall not lobby for compensation on issues of policy, appropriations, or procurement before the legislature, the governor, the executive office of the governor, members of the cabinet, a department that is headed by a member of the cabinet, or his or her former department. [Art. II Sec 8(f)(3)b., Fla. Const. and Sec. 112.3121, Fla. Stat.]

For a period of six years after vacation of public position occurring on or after December 31, 2022, a county commissioner, a county officer pursuant to Article VIII or county charter, a school board member, a superintendent of schools, an elected municipal officer, or an elected special district officer in a special district with ad valorem taxing authority shall not lobby for compensation on issues of policy, appropriations, or procurement before his or her former agency or governing body. [Art. II Sec 8(f)(3)c., Fla. Const. and Sec. 112.3121, Fla. Stat.]

4. Additional Restrictions on Former State Employees

A former executive or judicial branch employee or PSC employee is prohibited from having employment or a contractual relationship, at any time after retirement or termination of employment, with any business entity (other than a public agency) in connection with a contract in which the employee participated personally and substantially by recommendation or decision while a public employee. [Sec. 112.3185(3), Fla. Stat.]

A former executive or judicial branch employee or PSC employee who has retired or terminated employment is prohibited from having any employment or contractual relationship for two years with any business entity (other than a public agency) in connection with a contract for services which was within his or her responsibility while serving as a state employee. [Sec.112.3185(4), Fla. Stat.]

Unless waived by the agency head, a former executive or judicial branch employee or PSC employee may not be paid more for contractual services provided by him or her to the former agency during the first year after leaving the agency than his or her annual salary before leaving. [Sec. 112.3185(5), Fla. Stat.]

These prohibitions do not apply to PSC employees who were so employed on or before Dec. 31, 1994.

5. Lobbying by Former Local Government Officers and Employees

A person elected to county, municipal, school district, or special district office is prohibited from representing another person or entity for compensation before the government body or agency of which he or she was an officer for two years after leaving office. Appointed officers and

employees of counties, municipalities, school districts, and special districts may be subject to a similar restriction by local ordinance or resolution. [Sec. 112.313(13) and (14), Fla. Stat.]

F. Voting Conflicts of Interest

State public officers are prohibited from voting in an official capacity on any measure which they know would inure to their own special private gain or loss. A state public officer who abstains, or who votes on a measure which the officer knows would inure to the special private gain or loss of any principal by whom he or she is retained, of the parent organization or subsidiary or sibling of a corporate principal by which he or she is retained, of a relative, or of a business associate, must make every reasonable effort to file a memorandum of voting conflict with the recording secretary in advance of the vote. If that is not possible, it must be filed within 15 days after the vote occurs. The memorandum must disclose the nature of the officer's interest in the matter.

No county, municipal, or other local public officer shall vote in an official capacity upon any measure which would inure to his or her special private gain or loss, or which the officer knows would inure to the special private gain or loss of any principal by whom he or she is retained, of the parent organization or subsidiary or sibling of a corporate principal by which he or she is retained, of a relative, or of a business associate. The officer must publicly announce the nature of his or her interest before the vote and must file a memorandum of voting conflict on Commission Form 8B with the meeting's recording officer within 15 days after the vote occurs disclosing the nature of his or her interest in the matter. However, members of community redevelopment agencies and district officers elected on a one-acre, one-vote basis are not required to abstain when voting in that capacity.

No appointed state or local officer shall participate in any matter which would inure to the officer's special private gain or loss, the special private gain or loss of any principal by whom he or she is retained, of the parent organization or subsidiary or sibling of a corporate principal by which he or she is retained, of a relative, or of a business associate, without first disclosing the nature of his or her interest in the matter. The memorandum of voting conflict (Commission Form 8A or 8B) must be filed with the meeting's recording officer, be provided to the other members of the agency, and be read publicly at the next meeting.

If the conflict is unknown or not disclosed prior to the meeting, the appointed official must orally disclose the conflict at the meeting when the conflict becomes known. Also, a written memorandum of voting conflict must be filed with the meeting's recording officer within 15 days of the disclosure being made and must be provided to the other members of the agency, with the disclosure being read publicly at the next scheduled meeting. [Sec. 112.3143, Fla. Stat.]

G. Disclosures

Conflicts of interest may occur when public officials are in a position to make decisions that affect their personal financial interests. This is why public officers and employees, as well as candidates who run for public office, are required to publicly disclose their financial interests. The disclosure process serves to remind officials of their obligation to put the public interest above personal considerations. It also helps citizens to monitor the considerations of those who spend their tax dollars and participate in public policy decisions or administration.

All public officials and candidates do not file the same degree of disclosure; nor do they all file at the same time or place. Thus, care must be taken to determine which disclosure forms a particular official or candidate is required to file.

The following forms are described below to set forth the requirements of the various disclosures and the steps for correctly providing the information in a timely manner.

1. FORM 1 - Limited Financial Disclosure

Who Must File:

Persons required to file FORM 1 include all state officers, local officers, candidates for local elective office, and specified state employees as defined below (other than those officers who are required by law to file FORM 6).

STATE OFFICERS include:

- 1) Elected public officials not serving in a political subdivision of the state and any person appointed to fill a vacancy in such office, unless required to file full disclosure on Form 6.
- 2) Appointed members of each board, commission, authority, or council having statewide jurisdiction, excluding members of solely advisory bodies; but including judicial nominating commission members; directors of Enterprise Florida, Scripps Florida Funding Corporation, and CareerSource Florida, and members of the Council on the Social Status of Black Men and Boys; the Executive Director, governors, and senior managers of Citizens Property Insurance Corporation; governors and senior managers of Florida Workers' Compensation Joint Underwriting Association, board members of the Northeast Florida Regional Transportation Commission, and members of the board of Triumph Gulf Coast, Inc.; members of the board of Florida is for Veterans, Inc.; and members of the Technology Advisory Council within the Agency for State Technology.

3) The Commissioner of Education, members of the State Board of Education, the Board of Governors, local boards of trustees and presidents of state universities, and members of the Florida Prepaid College Board.

LOCAL OFFICERS include:

1) Persons elected to office in any political subdivision (such as municipalities, counties, and special districts) and any person appointed to fill a vacancy in such office, unless required to file full disclosure on Form 6.

2) Appointed members of the following boards, councils, commissions, authorities, or other bodies of any county, municipality, school district, independent special district, or other political subdivision: the governing body of the subdivision; a community college or junior college district board of trustees; a board having the power to enforce local code provisions; a planning or zoning board, board of adjustments or appeals, community redevelopment agency board, or other board having the power to recommend, create, or modify land planning or zoning within the political subdivision, except for citizen advisory committees, technical coordinating committees, and similar groups who only have the power to make recommendations to planning or zoning boards, except for representatives of a military installation acting on behalf of all military installations within that jurisdiction; a pension board or retirement board empowered to invest pension or retirement funds or to determine entitlement to or amount of a pension or other retirement benefit.

3) Any other appointed member of a local government board who is required to file a statement of financial interests by the appointing authority or the enabling legislation, ordinance, or resolution creating the board.

4) Persons holding any of these positions in local government: county or city manager; chief administrative employee or finance director of a county, municipality, or other political subdivision; county or municipal attorney; chief county or municipal building inspector; county or municipal water resources coordinator; county or municipal pollution control director; county or municipal environmental control director; county or municipal administrator with power to grant or deny a land development permit; chief of police; fire chief; municipal clerk; appointed district school superintendent; community college president; district medical examiner; purchasing agent (regardless of title) having the authority to make any purchase exceeding \$35,000 for the local governmental unit.

5) Members of governing boards of charter schools operated by a city or other public entity.

6) The officers, directors, and chief executive officer of a corporation, partnership, or other business entity that is serving as the chief administrative or executive officer or employee of a

political subdivision, and any business entity employee who is acting as the chief administrative or executive officer or employee of the political subdivision. [Sec. 112.3136, Fla. Stat.]

SPECIFIED STATE EMPLOYEE includes:

- 1) Employees in the Office of the Governor or of a Cabinet member who are exempt from the Career Service System, excluding secretarial, clerical, and similar positions.
- 2) The following positions in each state department, commission, board, or council: secretary or state surgeon general, assistant or deputy secretary, executive director, assistant or deputy executive director, and anyone having the power normally conferred upon such persons, regardless of title.
- 3) The following positions in each state department or division: director, assistant or deputy director, bureau chief, assistant bureau chief, and any person having the power normally conferred upon such persons, regardless of title.
- 4) Assistant state attorneys, assistant public defenders, criminal conflict and civil regional counsel, assistant criminal conflict and civil regional counsel, public counsel, full-time state employees serving as counsel or assistant counsel to a state agency, judges of compensation claims, administrative law judges, and hearing officers.
- 5) The superintendent or director of a state mental health institute established for training and research in the mental health field, or any major state institution or facility established for corrections, training, treatment, or rehabilitation.
- 6) State agency business managers, finance and accounting directors, personnel officers, grant coordinators, and purchasing agents (regardless of title) with power to make a purchase exceeding \$35,000.
- 7) The following positions in legislative branch agencies: each employee (other than those employed in maintenance, clerical, secretarial, or similar positions and legislative assistants exempted by the presiding officer of their house); and each employee of the Commission on Ethics.

What Must Be Disclosed:

FORM 1 requirements are set forth fully on the form. In general, this includes the reporting person's sources and types of financial interests, such as the names of employers and addresses of real property holdings. NO DOLLAR VALUES ARE REQUIRED TO BE LISTED. In addition, the form requires the disclosure of certain relationships with, and ownership interests in, specified types of businesses such as banks, savings and loans, insurance companies, and utility companies.

When to File:

CANDIDATES for elected local office must file FORM 1 or a verification of filing in EFDMS together with and at the same time they file their qualifying papers. Candidates for City Council or Mayor must file a Form 6 or a verification of filing in EFDMS.¹

STATE and LOCAL OFFICERS and SPECIFIED STATE EMPLOYEES are required to file disclosure by July 1 of each year. They also must file within thirty days from the date of appointment or the beginning of employment. Those appointees requiring Senate confirmation must file prior to confirmation.

Where to File:

File with the Commission on Ethics. [Sec. 112.3145, Fla. Stat.]

2. FORM 1F - Final Form 1 Limited Financial Disclosure

Beginning January 1, 2024, all Form 1 disclosures must be filed electronically through the Commission's electronic filing system. These disclosures are published and searchable by name or organization on the Commission's website.

FORM 1F is the disclosure form required to be filed within 60 days after a public officer or employee required to file FORM 1 leaves his or her public position. The form covers the disclosure period between January 1 and the last day of office or employment within that year.

3. FORM 2 - Quarterly Client Disclosure

The state officers, local officers, and specified state employees listed above, as well as elected constitutional officers, must file a FORM 2 if they or a partner or associate of their professional firm represent a client for compensation before an agency at their level of government.

A FORM 2 disclosure includes the names of clients represented by the reporting person or by any partner or associate of his or her professional firm for a fee or commission before agencies at the reporting person's level of government. Such representations do not include appearances in ministerial matters, appearances before judges of compensation claims, or representations on behalf of one's agency in one's official capacity. Nor does the term include the preparation and filing of forms and applications merely for the purpose of obtaining or transferring a license, so long as the issuance of the license does not require a variance, special consideration, or a certificate of public convenience and necessity.

¹ During the pendency of ongoing litigation, the Commission on Ethics is enjoined from enforcing the Form 6 requirement for mayors and elected members of municipal governing bodies, and they will have to file a CE Form 1 ("Statement of Financial Interest").

When to File:

This disclosure should be filed quarterly, by the end of the calendar quarter following the calendar quarter during which a reportable representation was made. FORM 2 need not be filed merely to indicate that no reportable representations occurred during the preceding quarter; it should be filed ONLY when reportable representations were made during the quarter.

Where To File:

File with the Commission on Ethics. [Sec. 112.3145(4), Fla. Stat.]

Beginning January 1, 2024, all Form 2 disclosures must be filed electronically through the Commission's electronic filing system. These disclosures are published and searchable by name or organization on the Commission's website.

4. FORM 6 - Full and Public Disclosure

Who Must File:

Persons required by law to file FORM 6 include all elected constitutional officers and candidates for such office; the mayor and members of the city council and candidates for these offices;¹ the Duval County Superintendent of Schools; judges of compensation claims (pursuant to Sec. 440.442, Fla. Stat.); members of the Florida Housing Finance Corporation Board and members of expressway authorities, transportation authorities (except the Jacksonville Transportation Authority), bridge authority, or toll authorities created pursuant to Ch. 348 or 343, or 349, or other general law.

What Must be Disclosed:

FORM 6 is a detailed disclosure of assets, liabilities, and sources of income over \$1,000 and their values, as well as net worth. Officials may opt to file their most recent income tax return in lieu of listing sources of income but still must disclose their assets, liabilities, and net worth.

In addition, the form requires the disclosure of certain relationships with, and ownership interests in, specified types of businesses such as banks, savings and loans, insurance companies, and utility companies.

¹ During the pendency of ongoing litigation, the Commission on Ethics is enjoined from enforcing the Form 6 requirement for mayors and elected members of municipal governing bodies, and they will have to file a CE Form 1 ("Statement of Financial Interest").

When and Where To File:

Officials must file FORM 6 annually by July 1 with the Commission on Ethics.

Beginning January 1, 2023, all Form 6 disclosures must be filed electronically through the Commission's electronic filing system. These disclosures will be published and searchable on the Commission's website.

CANDIDATES must register and use the electronic filing system to complete the Form 6, then print and file the disclosure with the officer before whom they qualify at the time of qualifying. [Art. II, Sec. 8(a) and (i), Fla. Const., and Sec. 112.3144, Fla. Stat.]

5. FORM 6F - Final Form 6 Full and Public Disclosure

This is the disclosure form required to be filed within 60 days after a public officer or employee required to file FORM 6 leaves his or her public position. The form covers the disclosure period between January 1 and the last day of office or employment within that year.

6. FORM 9 - Quarterly Gift Disclosure

Each person required to file FORM 1 or FORM 6, and each state procurement employee, must file a FORM 9, Quarterly Gift Disclosure, with the Commission on Ethics no later than the last day of any calendar quarter following the calendar quarter in which he or she received a gift worth more than \$100, other than gifts from relatives, gifts prohibited from being accepted, gifts primarily associated with his or her business or employment, and gifts otherwise required to be disclosed. FORM 9 NEED NOT BE FILED if no such gift was received during the calendar quarter.

Information to be disclosed includes a description of the gift and its value, the name and address of the donor, the date of the gift, and a copy of any receipt for the gift provided by the donor. [Sec. 112.3148, Fla. Stat.]

7. FORM 10 - Annual Disclosure of Gifts from Government Agencies and Direct-Support Organizations and Honorarium Event Related Expenses

State government entities, airport authorities, counties, municipalities, school boards, water management districts, and the South Florida Regional Transportation Authority, may give a gift worth more than \$100 to a person required to file FORM 1 or FORM 6, and to state procurement employees, if a public purpose can be shown for the gift. Also, a direct-support organization for a governmental entity may give such a gift to a person who is an officer or employee of that entity. These gifts are to be reported on FORM 10, to be filed by July 1.

The governmental entity or direct-support organization giving the gift must provide the officer or employee with a statement about the gift no later than March 1 of the following year. The

officer or employee then must disclose this information by filing a statement by July 1 that describes the gift and lists the donor, the date of the gift, and the value of the total gifts provided during the calendar year. The statements are filed with the Commission on Ethics. [Sec. 112.3148, Fla. Stat.]

In addition, a person required to file FORM 1 or FORM 6, or a state procurement employee, who receives expenses or payment of expenses related to an honorarium event from someone who is prohibited from giving him or her an honorarium, must disclose annually the name, address, and affiliation of the donor, the amount of the expenses, the date of the event, a description of the expenses paid or provided, and the total value of the expenses on FORM 10. The donor paying the expenses must provide the officer or employee with a statement about the expenses within 60 days of the honorarium event.

The disclosure must be filed by July 1, for expenses received during the previous calendar year. The statements are filed with the Commission on Ethics. [Sec. 112.3149, Fla. Stat.]

However, notwithstanding Sec. 112.3149, Fla. Stat., no executive branch or legislative lobbyist or principal shall make, directly or indirectly, and no executive branch agency official or employee who files FORM 1 or FORM 6 shall knowingly accept, directly or indirectly, **any expenditure** made for the purpose of lobbying. This may include gifts or honorarium event related expenses that formerly were permitted under Sections 112.3148 and 112.3149. [Sec. 112.3215, Fla. Stat.] Similar prohibitions apply to legislative officials and employees. However, these laws are not administered by the Commission on Ethics. [Sec. 11.045, Fla. Stat.] In addition, gifts, which include anything not primarily related to political activities authorized under ch. 106, are prohibited from political committees. [Sec. 112.31485 Fla. Stat.]

8. FORM 30 - Donor's Quarterly Gift Disclosure

As mentioned above, the following persons and entities generally are prohibited from giving a gift worth more than \$100 to a reporting individual (a person required to file FORM 1 or FORM 6) or to a state procurement employee: a political committee; a lobbyist who lobbies the reporting individual's or procurement employee's agency, and the partner, firm, employer, or principal of such a lobbyist; and vendors. If such person or entity makes a gift worth between \$25 and \$100 to a reporting individual or state procurement employee (that is not accepted in behalf of a governmental entity or charitable organization), the gift should be reported on FORM 30. The donor also must notify the recipient at the time the gift is made that it will be reported.

The FORM 30 should be filed by the last day of the calendar quarter following the calendar quarter in which the gift was made. If the gift was made to an individual in the legislative branch, FORM 30 should be filed with the Lobbyist Registrar. [See page 35 for address.] If the gift was to

any other reporting individual or state procurement employee, FORM 30 should be filed with the Commission on Ethics.

However, notwithstanding Section 112.3148, Fla. Stat., no executive branch lobbyist or principal shall make, directly or indirectly, and no executive branch agency official or employee who files FORM 1 or FORM 6 shall knowingly accept, directly or indirectly, **any expenditure** made for the purpose of lobbying. This may include gifts that formerly were permitted under Section 112.3148. [Sec. 112.3215, Fla. Stat.] Similar prohibitions apply to legislative officials and employees. However, these laws are not administered by the Commission on Ethics. [Sec. 11.045, Fla. Stat.] In addition, gifts from political committees are prohibited. [Sec. 112.31485, Fla. Stat.]

9. FORM 1X AND FORM 6X - Amendments to Form 1 and Form 6

These forms are provided for officers or employees to amend their previously filed Form 1 or Form 6.

IV. AVAILABILITY OF FORMS

Beginning January 1, 2024, LOCAL OFFICERS and EMPLOYEES, and OTHER STATE OFFICERS, and SPECIFIED STATE EMPLOYEES who must file FORM 1 annually must file electronically via the Commission's Electronic Financial Disclosure Management System (EFDMS). Paper forms will not be promulgated. Communications regarding the annual filing requirement will be sent via email to filers no later than June 1. Filers must maintain an updated email address in their User Profile in EFDMS.

ELECTED CONSTITUTIONAL OFFICERS and other officials who must file Form 6 annually, including City Commissioners and Mayors, must file electronically via the Commission's Electronic Financial Disclosure Management System (EFDMS).¹ Paper forms will not be promulgated. Communications regarding the annual filing requirement will be sent via email to filers no later than June 1. Filers must maintain an updated email address in their User Profile in EFDMS.

¹ During the pendency of ongoing litigation, the Commission on Ethics is enjoined from enforcing the Form 6 requirement for mayors and elected members of municipal governing bodies, and they will have to file a CE Form 1 ("Statement of Financial Interest").

V. PENALTIES

A. Non-criminal Penalties for Violation of the Sunshine Amendment and the Code of Ethics

There are no criminal penalties for violation of the Sunshine Amendment and the Code of Ethics. Penalties for violation of these laws may include: impeachment, removal from office or employment, suspension, public censure, reprimand, demotion, reduction in salary level, forfeiture of no more than one-third salary per month for no more than twelve months, a civil penalty not to exceed \$20,000, and restitution of any pecuniary benefits received, and triple the value of a gift from a political committee.

B. Penalties for Candidates

CANDIDATES for public office who are found in violation of the Sunshine Amendment or the Code of Ethics may be subject to one or more of the following penalties: disqualification from being on the ballot, public censure, reprimand, or a civil penalty not to exceed \$20,000, and triple the value of a gift received from a political committee.

C. Penalties for Former Officers and Employees

FORMER PUBLIC OFFICERS or EMPLOYEES who are found in violation of a provision applicable to former officers or employees or whose violation occurred prior to such officer's or employee's leaving public office or employment may be subject to one or more of the following penalties: public censure and reprimand, a civil penalty not to exceed \$20,000, and restitution of any pecuniary benefits received, and triple the value of a gift received from a political committee.

D. Penalties for Lobbyists and Others

An executive branch lobbyist who has failed to comply with the Executive Branch Lobbying Registration law (see Part VIII) may be fined up to \$5,000, reprimanded, censured, or prohibited from lobbying executive branch agencies for up to two years. Lobbyists, their employers, principals, partners, and firms, and political committees and committees of continuous existence who give a prohibited gift or honorarium or fail to comply with the gift reporting requirements for gifts worth between \$25 and \$100, may be penalized by a fine of not more than \$5,000 and a prohibition on lobbying, or employing a lobbyist to lobby, before the agency of the public officer or employee to whom the gift was given for up to two years. Any agent or person acting on behalf of a political committee giving a prohibited gift is personally liable for a civil penalty of up to triple the value of the gift.

Executive Branch lobbying firms that fail to timely file their quarterly compensation reports may be fined \$50 per day per report for each day the report is late, up to a maximum fine of \$5,000 per report.

E. Felony Convictions: Forfeiture of Retirement Benefits

Public officers and employees are subject to forfeiture of all rights and benefits under the retirement system to which they belong if convicted of certain offenses. The offenses include embezzlement or theft of public funds; bribery; felonies specified in Chapter 838, Florida Statutes; impeachable offenses; and felonies committed with intent to defraud the public or their public agency. [Sec. 112.3173, Fla. Stat.]

F. Automatic Penalties for Failure to File Annual Disclosure

Public officers and employees required to file either Form 1 or Form 6 annual financial disclosure are subject to automatic fines of \$25 for each day late the form is filed after September 1, up to a maximum penalty of \$1,500. [Sec. 112.3144 and 112.3145, Fla. Stat.]

The Commission must undertake an investigation of a public officer or employee who accrues the \$1,500 maximum fine and currently holds their filing position to determine if the failure to file was willful. If the Commission finds a willful failure to file, the only penalty that can be recommended, by law, is removal.

VI. ADVISORY OPINIONS

Conflicts of interest may be avoided by greater awareness of the ethics laws on the part of public officials and employees through advisory assistance from the Commission on Ethics.

A. Who Can Request an Opinion

Any public officer, candidate for public office, or public employee in Florida who is in doubt about the applicability of the standards of conduct or disclosure laws to himself or herself, or anyone who has the power to hire or terminate another public employee, may seek an advisory opinion from the Commission about himself or herself or that employee.

B. How to Request an Opinion

Opinions may be requested by letter presenting a question based on a real situation and including a detailed description of the situation. Opinions are issued by the Commission and are binding on the conduct of the person who is the subject of the opinion, unless material facts were omitted or misstated in the request for the opinion. Published opinions will not bear the name of the persons involved unless they consent to the use of their names; however, the request and

all information pertaining to it is a public record, made available to the Commission and to members of the public in advance of the Commission's consideration of the question.

C. How to Obtain Published Opinions

All of the Commission's opinions are available for viewing or download at its website:
www.ethics.state.fl.us.

VII. COMPLAINTS

A. Citizen Involvement

The Commission on Ethics cannot conduct investigations of alleged violations of the Sunshine Amendment or the Code of Ethics unless a person files a sworn complaint with the Commission alleging such violation has occurred, or a referral is received, as discussed below.

If you have knowledge that a person in government has violated the standards of conduct or disclosure laws described above, you may report these violations to the Commission by filing a sworn complaint on the form prescribed by the Commission and available for download at www.ethics.state.fl.us. The Commission may only investigate complaints based on personal knowledge or information other than hearsay. The Commission is unable to take action based on learning of such misdeeds through newspaper reports, telephone calls, or letters.

You can download a complaint form (FORM 50) from the Commission's website at www.ethics.state.fl.us, or contact the Commission office at the address or phone number shown on the inside front cover of this booklet.

B. Referrals

The Commission may accept referrals from: the Governor, the Florida Department of Law Enforcement, a State Attorney, or a U.S. Attorney.

C. Confidentiality

The complaint or referral, as well as all proceedings and records relating thereto, is confidential until the accused requests that such records be made public or until the matter reaches a stage in the Commission's proceedings where it becomes public. This means that unless the Commission receives a written waiver of confidentiality from the accused, the Commission is not free to release any documents or to comment on a complaint or referral to members of the public or press, so long as the complaint or referral remains in a confidential stage.

A COMPLAINT OR REFERRAL MAY NOT BE FILED WITH RESPECT TO A CANDIDATE ON THE DAY OF THE ELECTION, OR WITHIN THE 30 CALENDAR DAYS PRECEDING THE ELECTION DATE, UNLESS IT IS BASED ON PERSONAL INFORMATION OR INFORMATION OTHER THAN HEARSAY.

D. How the Complaint Process Works

Complaints which allege a matter within the Commission's jurisdiction are assigned a tracking number and Commission staff forwards a copy of the original sworn complaint to the accused within five working days of its receipt. Any subsequent sworn amendments to the complaint also are transmitted within five working days of their receipt. Amendments to complaints must be received within 60 days of the original complaint.

Once a complaint is filed, it goes through three procedural stages under the Commission's rules. The first stage is a determination of whether the allegations of the complaint are legally sufficient: that is, whether they indicate a possible violation of any law over which the Commission has jurisdiction. During the first stage, the Commission must also determine whether the allegation(s) in the complaint are based on personal knowledge or information other than hearsay. If the complaint is found not to be legally sufficient or the allegations are not based on personal knowledge or information other than hearsay, the Commission will order that the complaint be dismissed without investigation, and all records relating to the complaint will become public at that time.

If the complaint is found to be legally sufficient, a preliminary investigation will be undertaken by the investigative staff of the Commission. The second stage of the Commission's proceedings involves this preliminary investigation and a decision by the Commission as to whether there is probable cause to believe that there has been a violation of any of the ethics laws. If the Commission finds no probable cause to believe there has been a violation of the ethics laws, the complaint will be dismissed and will become a matter of public record. If the Commission finds probable cause to believe there has been a violation of the ethics laws, the complaint becomes public and usually enters the third stage of proceedings. This stage requires the Commission to decide whether the law was actually violated and, if so, whether a penalty should be recommended. At this stage, the accused has the right to request a public hearing (trial) at which evidence is presented, or the Commission may order that such a hearing be held. Public hearings usually are held in or near the area where the alleged violation occurred.

When the Commission concludes that a violation has been committed, it issues a public report of its findings and may recommend one or more penalties to the appropriate disciplinary body or official.

When the Commission determines that a person has filed a complaint with knowledge that the complaint contains one or more false allegations or with reckless disregard for whether the complaint contains false allegations, the complainant will be liable for costs plus reasonable attorney's fees incurred by the person complained against. The Department of Legal Affairs may bring a civil action to recover such fees and costs, if they are not paid voluntarily within 30 days.

E. Dismissal of Complaints At Any Stage of Disposition

The Commission may, at its discretion, dismiss any complaint at any stage of disposition should it determine that the public interest would not be served by proceeding further, in which case the Commission will issue a public report stating with particularity its reasons for the dismissal. [Sec. 112.324(12), Fla. Stat.]

F. Statute of Limitations

All sworn complaints alleging a violation of the Sunshine Amendment or the Code of Ethics must be filed with the Commission within five years of the alleged violation or other breach of the public trust. Time starts to run on the day AFTER the violation or breach of public trust is committed. The statute of limitations is tolled on the day a sworn complaint is filed with the Commission. If a complaint is filed and the statute of limitations has run, the complaint will be dismissed. [Sec. 112.3231, Fla. Stat.]

VIII. EXECUTIVE BRANCH LOBBYING

Any person who, for compensation and on behalf of another, lobbies an agency of the executive branch of state government with respect to a decision in the area of policy or procurement may be required to register as an executive branch lobbyist. Registration is required before lobbying an agency and is renewable annually. In addition, each lobbying firm must file a compensation report with the Commission for each calendar quarter during any portion of which one or more of the firm's lobbyists were registered to represent a principal. As noted above, no executive branch lobbyist or principal can make, directly or indirectly, and no executive branch agency official or employee who files FORM 1 or FORM 6 can knowingly accept, directly or indirectly, **any expenditure** made for the purpose of lobbying. [Sec. 112.3215, Fla. Stat.]

Executive branch departments, state universities, community colleges, and water management districts are prohibited from using public funds to retain an executive branch (or legislative branch) lobbyist, although these agencies may use full-time employees as lobbyists. [Sec. 11.062, Fla. Stat.]

Online registration and filing is available at www.floralobbyist.gov. Additional information about the executive branch lobbyist registration system may be obtained by contacting the Lobbyist Registrar at the following address:

Executive Branch Lobbyist Registration
Room G-68, Claude Pepper Building
111 W. Madison Street
Tallahassee, FL 32399-1425
Phone: 850/922-4990

IX. WHISTLE-BLOWER’S ACT

In 1986, the Legislature enacted a “Whistle-blower’s Act” to protect employees of agencies and government contractors from adverse personnel actions in retaliation for disclosing information in a sworn complaint alleging certain types of improper activities. Since then, the Legislature has revised this law to afford greater protection to these employees.

While this language is contained within the Code of Ethics, the Commission has no jurisdiction or authority to proceed against persons who violate this Act. Therefore, a person who has disclosed information alleging improper conduct governed by this law and who may suffer adverse consequences as a result should contact one or more of the following: the Office of the Chief Inspector General in the Executive Office of the Governor; the Department of Legal Affairs; the Florida Commission on Human Relations; or a private attorney. [Sec. 112.3187 - 112.31895, Fla. Stat.]

X. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

As mentioned above, we suggest that you review the language used in each law for a more detailed understanding of Florida’s ethics laws. The “Sunshine Amendment” is Article II, Section 8, of the Florida Constitution. The Code of Ethics for Public Officers and Employees is contained in Part III of Chapter 112, Florida Statutes.

Additional information about the Commission’s functions and interpretations of these laws may be found in Chapter 34 of the Florida Administrative Code, where the Commission’s rules are published, and in The Florida Administrative Law Reports, which until 2005 published many of the Commission’s final orders. The Commission’s rules, orders, and opinions also are available at www.ethics.state.fl.us.

If you are a public officer or employee concerned about your obligations under these laws, the staff of the Commission will be happy to respond to oral and written inquiries by providing

information about the law, the Commission's interpretations of the law, and the Commission's procedures.

XI. TRAINING

Constitutional officers, elected municipal officers, commissioners of community redevelopment agencies (CRAs), commissioners of community development districts, and local officer of an independent special district are required to receive a total of four hours training, per calendar year, in the area of ethics, public records, and open meetings. The Commission on Ethics does not track compliance or certify providers. Officials indicate their compliance with the training requirement when they file their annual Form 1 or Form 6.

Visit the training page on the Commission's website for up-to-date rules, opinions, audio/video training, and opportunities for live training conducted by Commission staff.

MEMO

District Manager: James P. Ward
2301 Northeast 37th Street
Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33308
Phone: 954.658.4900
Email: Wardj@pfm.com

To: Board of Supervisors
From: James P. Ward
Date: August 5, 2026
Re: Commission on Ethics Electronic Financial Disclosure Management System (EFDMS), Financial Disclosure Forms and Required Ethics Training

Filing A Form 1

To access the Electronic Financial Disclosure Management System ("EFDMS"), visit the login page (<https://disclosure.floridaethics.gov/Account/Login>) and watch the instructional video for directions on how to register/confirm registration.

If you have filed a Form 1 before, click "I am a Filer" and follow the prompts.

Instructions, FAQs, and tutorials are available from the dashboard within EFDMS. Additional E-filing assistance is available Monday - Friday from 8:00 a.m. until 5:00 p.m. EST by contacting the Commission directly (850) 488-7864.

Chrome, Edge, or Firefox are the recommended browsers to use in the EFDMS website. If you are not using one of these browsers, you will be able to access the site, but the pages may not display or function as designed. The use of a mobile device for completing a form in EFDMS is strongly discouraged.

Ethics Training Requirements:

Pursuant to Section 112.3142, *Florida Statutes*, all Supervisors of a Community Development District organized and existing under the Uniform Community Development District Act of 1980, Chapter 190, *Florida Statutes*, are required to complete four (4) hours of ethics training each calendar year. The four (4) hours of Ethics Training shall be allocated amongst the following categories:

- two (2) hours of ethics law,
- one (1) hour of Sunshine Law; and
- one (1) hour of Public Records law

Supervisors will report their 2026 training when they fill out their Form 1 (Statements of Financial Interests) for the year 2027 by checking a box confirming that they have completed the annual Ethics Training.

Please note that the four (4) hours of the Ethics Training do not have to be completed all at once. **ETHICS TRAINING IS REQUIRED TO BE COMPLETED BY DECEMBER 31, 2026 FOR THE FORM**

MEMO

1 THAT IS FILED IN 2027.

It is highly recommended that you keep a record of all ethics training used to satisfy the Ethics Training requirements. At present, there is no need to submit a certificate or letter of completion of Ethics Training. However, the Florida Commission on Ethics ("COE") advises that Supervisors maintain a record in the event they are asked to provide proof of completion of all Ethics Training.

Additionally, you may be solicited by a private organization (Florida Association of Special Districts) – to take their Ethics Training Course on their platform for which there is a fee. **You are NOT required to use their services nor pay the fees they charge.** There are several free online resources and links to resources that Supervisors might find helpful, including free training for the two (2) hour ethics portion and links to outside training(s) which can be used to satisfy the other categories of the Ethics Training. **You may take training from any source you choose.**

General Resource: Florida Commission on Ethics – [Training – Ethics \(state.fl.us\)](https://www.state.fl.us/COE/Training-Ethics)

1. Free Training Programs:

Ethics law – The COE provides several free training videos (audio/visual or audio only) covering specific ethics law topics. Please note that two (hours" in the category of ethics law are required annually. Pursuant to CEO 13-15, "hours" may be measured in fifty (50) minute increments so you should ensure you satisfactorily complete sufficient programs to satisfy the two-hour ethics requirement if choosing a combination of training videos listed below.

- a. **State Ethics Laws for Constitutional Officers & Elected Municipal Officers:**
Note: Google Chrome web browser will not open – use another web browser.
[Video Tutorial](#)
- b. **Office of the Attorney General offers training on Sunshine Law and Public Records Law (22-page presentation - no audio):**
[23-page presentation – no audio](#)
- c. **Office of the Attorney General 2-hour Audio-only Presentation regarding Public Meetings and Public Records Law:**
[Audio presentation – no video](#)
- d. **The Florida League of Cities** offers a free four-hour online course which satisfies the annual requirement to attend two hours of ethics law, one hour of Sunshine law, and one hour of Public Records law. The course is available online 24/7 and may be paused and resumed at your convenience. Registration is required for this class; however, there is no registration fee.
[Florida League of Cities Website](#)

FLC Future Ethics Workshop Dates:

10/14/2026: 10 am - 3:30 pm

12/16/2026: 10 am - 3:30 pm

2. Other Training Programs

- a. **Florida State University's Florida Institute of Government** offers a "4-Hour Ethics Course" which satisfies the annual requirement to attend two hours of ethics law, one hour of Sunshine law, and one hour of Public Records law. The course is available online 24/7 and may be paused and resumed at your convenience. The registration fee is \$79.00.
 - [4-Hour Ethics Course](#)
- b. **Florida Ethics Institute (FEI)** offers a 4-hour Florida Ethics & Open Government Master Class which satisfies the state's annual ethics training requirement mandated by the Code of Ethics for Public Officers and Employees and applicable to elected municipal officers, constitution officers, and others. In accordance with the legal mandate the training consists of two hours of Ethics Law (covering Florida's ethics laws and Art. II, s. 8, Fla. Const.), one hour of Sunshine Law (Ch. 286, F.S.), and one hour of Public Records Law (Ch. 119, F.S.) education. The cost is \$75.00.
 - [Home - Florida Ethics Institute](#)

2025 Form 1 Instructions Statement of Financial Interests

Notice

The annual Statement of Financial Interests is due July 1. If the annual form is not submitted via the electronic filing system created and maintained by the Commission by September 1, an automatic fine of \$25 for each day late will be imposed, up to a maximum penalty of \$1,500. Failure to file also can result in removal from public office or employment. [s. 112.3145, F.S.]

In addition, failure to make any required disclosure constitutes grounds for and may be punished by one or more of the following: disqualification from being on the ballot, impeachment, removal or suspension from office or employment, demotion, reduction in salary, reprimand, or a civil penalty not exceeding \$20,000. [s. 112.317, F.S.]

Instructions for Completing and Filing Form 1 Statement of Financial Interests

WHEN TO FILE: *Initially*, each local officer/employee, state officer, and specified state employee must file **within 30 days** of the date of his or her appointment or of the beginning of employment. Appointees who must be confirmed by the Senate must file prior to confirmation, even if that is less than 30 days from the date of their appointment.

Candidates must file at the same time they file their qualifying papers.

Thereafter, file by July 1 following each calendar year in which they hold their positions.

Finally, file a final disclosure form (Form 1F) within 60 days of leaving office or employment. Filing a CE Form 1F (Final Statement of Financial Interests) does not relieve the filer of filing a CE Form 1 if the filer was in his or her position on December 31, 2025.

WHO MUST FILE FORM 1:

1. Elected public officials not serving in a political subdivision of the state and any person appointed to fill a vacancy in such office, unless required to file full disclosure on Form 6.
2. Appointed members of each board, commission, authority, or council having statewide jurisdiction, excluding those required to file full disclosure on Form 6 as well as members of solely advisory bodies, but including judicial nominating commission members; Directors of Enterprise Florida, Scripps Florida Funding Corporation, and Career Source Florida; and members of the Council on the Social Status of Black Men and Boys; the Executive Director, Governors, and senior managers of Citizens Property Insurance Corporation; Governors and senior managers of Florida Workers' Compensation Joint Underwriting Association; board members of the Northeast Fla. Regional Transportation Commission; board members of Triumph Gulf Coast, Inc; board members of Florida Is For Veterans, Inc.; and members of the Technology Advisory Council within the Agency for State Technology.
3. The Commissioner of Education, members of the State Board of Education, the Board of Governors, the local Boards of Trustees and Presidents of state universities, and the Florida Prepaid College Board.
4. Persons elected to office in any political subdivision (such as municipalities, counties, and special districts) and any person appointed to fill a vacancy in such office, unless required to file Form 6.
5. Appointed members of the following boards, councils, commissions, authorities, or other bodies of county, municipality, school district, independent special district, or other political subdivision: the governing body of the subdivision; community college or junior college district boards of trustees; boards having the power to enforce local code provisions; boards of adjustment; community redevelopment agencies; planning or zoning boards having the power to recommend, create, or modify land planning or zoning within a political subdivision, except for citizen advisory committees, technical coordinating committees, and similar groups who only have the power to make recommendations to planning or zoning boards, and except for representatives of a military installation acting on behalf of all military installations within that jurisdiction; pension or retirement boards empowered to invest pension or retirement funds or determine entitlement to or amount of pensions or other retirement benefits, and the Pinellas County Construction Licensing Board.
6. Any appointed member of a local government board who is required to file a statement of financial interests by the appointing authority or the enabling legislation, ordinance, or resolution creating the board.
7. Persons holding any of these positions in local government: county or city manager; chief administrative employee or finance director of a county, municipality, or other political subdivision; county or municipal attorney; chief county or municipal building inspector; county or municipal water resources coordinator; county or municipal pollution control director; county or municipal environmental control director; county or municipal administrator with power to grant or deny a land development permit; chief of police; fire chief; municipal clerk; appointed district school superintendent;

community college president; district medical examiner; purchasing agent (regardless of title) having the authority to make any purchase exceeding \$35,000 for the local governmental unit.

8. Officers and employees of entities serving as chief administrative officer of a political subdivision.
9. Members of governing boards of charter schools operated by a city or other public entity.
10. Employees in the office of the Governor or of a Cabinet member who are exempt from the Career Service System, excluding secretarial, clerical, and similar positions.
11. The following positions in each state department, commission, board, or council: Secretary, Assistant or Deputy Secretary, Executive Director, Assistant or Deputy Executive Director, and anyone having the power normally conferred upon such persons, regardless of title.
12. The following positions in each state department or division: Director, Assistant or Deputy Director, Bureau Chief, and any person having the power normally conferred upon such persons, regardless of title.
13. Assistant State Attorneys, Assistant Public Defenders, criminal conflict and civil regional counsel, and assistant criminal conflict and civil regional counsel, Public Counsel, full-time state employees serving as counsel or assistant counsel to a state agency, administrative law judges, and hearing officers.
14. The Superintendent or Director of a state mental health institute established for training and research in the mental health field, or any major state institution or facility established for corrections, training, treatment, or rehabilitation.
15. State agency Business Managers, Finance and Accounting Directors, Personnel Officers, Grant Coordinators, and purchasing agents (regardless of title) with power to make a purchase exceeding \$35,000.
16. The following positions in legislative branch agencies: each employee (other than those employed in maintenance, clerical, secretarial, or similar positions and legislative assistants exempted by the presiding officer of their house); and each employee of the Commission on Ethics.
17. Each member of the governing body of a "large-hub commercial service airport," as defined in Section 112.3144(1)(c), Florida Statutes, except for members required to comply with the financial disclosure requirements of s. 8, Article II of the State Constitution.

ATTACHMENTS: A filer may include and submit attachments or other supporting documentation when filing disclosure.

PUBLIC RECORD: The disclosure form is a public record and is required by law to be posted to the Commission's website. Your Social Security number, bank account, debit, charge, and credit card numbers, mortgage or brokerage account numbers, personal identification numbers, or taxpayer identification numbers are not required and should not be included. If such information is included in the filing, it may be made available for public inspection and copying unless redaction is required by the filer, without any liability to the Commission. If you are an active or former officer or employee listed in Section 119.071, F.S., whose home address or other information is exempt from disclosure, the Commission will maintain that confidentiality *if you submit a written and notarized request.*

QUESTIONS about this form or the ethics laws may be addressed to the Commission on Ethics, Post Office Drawer 15709, Tallahassee, Florida 32317-5709; physical address: 325 John Knox Road, Building E, Suite 200, Tallahassee, FL 32303; telephone (850) 488-7864.

Instructions for Completing Form 1

Primary Sources of Income

[112.3145(3)(b)1, F.S.]

This section is intended to require the disclosure of your principal sources of income during the disclosure period. You do not have to disclose any public salary or public position(s). The income of your spouse need not be disclosed; however, if there is joint income to you and your spouse from property you own jointly (such as interest or dividends from a bank account or stocks), you should disclose the source of that income if it exceeded the threshold.

Please list in this part of the form the name, address, and principal business activity of each source of your income which exceeded \$2,500 of gross income received by you in your own name or by any other person for your use or benefit.

"Gross income" means the same as it does for income tax purposes, even if the income is not actually taxable, such as interest on tax-free bonds. Examples include: compensation for services, income from business, gains from property dealings, interest, rents, dividends, pensions, IRA distributions, social security, distributive share of partnership gross income, and alimony if considered gross income under federal law, but not child support.

If disclosure of a primary source of income will place you in violation of confidentiality or privilege pursuant to law or rules governing attorneys, you may write "Legal Client" in each of the disclosure fields without providing any further information.

Examples:

- If you were employed by a company that manufactures computers and received more than \$2,500, list the name of the company, its address, and its principal business activity (computer manufacturing).
- If you were a partner in a law firm and your distributive share of partnership gross income exceeded \$2,500, list the name of the firm, its address, and its principal business activity (practice of law).
- If you were the sole proprietor of a retail gift business and your gross income from the business exceeded \$2,500, list the name of the business, its address, and its principal business activity (retail gift sales).
- If you received income from investments in stocks and bonds, list each individual company from which you derived more than \$2,500. Do not aggregate all of your investment income.
- If more than \$2,500 of your gross income was gain from the sale of property (not just the selling price), list as a source of income the purchaser's name, address and principal business activity. If the purchaser's identity is unknown, such as where securities listed on an exchange are sold through a brokerage firm, the source of income should be listed as "sale of (name of company) stock," for example.
- If more than \$2,500 of your gross income was in the form of interest from one particular financial institution (aggregating interest from all CD's, accounts, etc., at that institution), list the name of the institution, its address, and its principal business activity.

Secondary Sources of Income

[Required by s. 112.3145(3)(b)2, F.S.]

This part is intended to require the disclosure of major customers, clients, and other sources of income to businesses in which you own an interest. It is not for reporting income from second jobs. That kind of income should be reported in "Primary Sources of Income," if it meets the reporting threshold. You will not have anything to report unless, during the disclosure period:

1. You owned (either directly or indirectly in the form of an equitable or beneficial interest) more than 5% of the total assets or capital stock of a business entity (a corporation, partnership, LLC, limited partnership, proprietorship, joint venture, trust, firm, etc., doing business in Florida); **and,**
2. You received more than \$5,000 of your gross income during the disclosure period from that business entity.

If your interests and gross income exceeded these thresholds, then for that business entity you must list every source of income to the business entity which exceeded 10% of the business entity's gross income (computed on the basis of the business entity's most recently completed fiscal year), the source's address, and the source's principal business activity.

If disclosure of a secondary source of income will place you in violation of confidentiality or privilege pursuant to law or rules governing attorneys, you should disclose the name of the business entity for which your ownership and gross income exceeded the two thresholds above, and then write "Legal Client" in the remaining disclosure fields without providing any further information.

Examples:

- You are the sole proprietor of a dry cleaning business, from which you received more than \$5,000. If only one customer, a uniform rental company, provided more than 10% of your dry cleaning business, you must list the name of the uniform rental company, its address, and its principal business activity (uniform rentals).
- You are a 20% partner in a partnership that owns a shopping mall and your partnership income exceeded the above thresholds. List each tenant of the mall that provided more than 10% of the partnership's gross income and the tenant's address and principal business activity.

Real Property

[Required by s. 112.3145(3)(b)3, F.S.]

In this part, list the location or description of all real property in Florida in which you owned directly or indirectly at any time during the disclosure period in excess of 5% of the property's value. You are not required to list your residences. You should list any vacation homes if you derive income from them.

Indirect ownership includes situations where you are a beneficiary of a trust that owns the property, as well as situations where you own more than 5% of a partnership or corporation that owns the property. The value of the property may be determined by its market value for ad valorem tax purposes, in the absence of a more accurate fair market value.

The location or description of the property should be sufficient to enable anyone who looks at the form to identify the property. A street address should be used, if one exists.

Intangible Personal Property

[Required by s. 112.3145(3)(b)3, F.S.]

Describe any intangible personal property that, at any time during the disclosure period, was worth more than \$10,000 and state the business entity to which the property related. Intangible personal property includes things such as cash on hand, stocks, bonds, certificates of deposit, vehicle leases, interests in businesses, beneficial interests in trusts, money owed you (including, but not limited to, loans made as a candidate to your own campaign), Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) accounts, the Florida Prepaid College Plan, and bank accounts in which you have an ownership interest. Intangible personal property also includes investment products held in IRAs, brokerage accounts, and the Florida College Investment Plan. Note that the product contained in a brokerage account, IRA, or the Florida College Investment Plan is your asset—not the account or plan itself. Things like automobiles and houses you own, jewelry, and paintings are not intangible property. Intangibles relating to the same business entity may be aggregated; for example, CDs and savings accounts with the same bank. Property owned as tenants by the entirety or as joint tenants with right of survivorship, including bank accounts owned in such a manner, should be valued at 100%. The value of a leased vehicle is the vehicle's present value minus the lease residual (a number found on the lease document).

Liabilities

[Required by s. 112.3145(3)(b)4, F.S.]

List the name and address of each creditor to whom you owed more than \$10,000 at any time during the disclosure period. The amount of the liability of a vehicle lease is the sum of any past-due payments and all unpaid prospective lease payments. You are not required to list the amount of any debt. You do not have to disclose credit card and retail installment accounts, taxes owed (unless reduced to a judgment), indebtedness on a life insurance policy owed to the company of issuance, or contingent liabilities. A "contingent liability" is one that will become an actual liability only when one or more future events occur or fail to occur, such as where you are liable only as a guarantor, surety, or endorser on a promissory note. If you are a "co-maker" and are jointly liable or jointly and severally liable, then it is not a contingent liability.

Interests in Specified Businesses

[Required by s. 112.3145(7), F.S.]

The types of businesses covered in this disclosure include: state and federally chartered banks; state and federal savings and loan associations; cemetery companies; insurance companies; mortgage companies; credit unions; small loan companies; alcoholic beverage licensees; pari-mutuel wagering companies, utility companies, entities controlled by the Public Service Commission; and entities granted a franchise to operate by either a city or a county government.

Disclose in this part the fact that you owned during the disclosure period an interest in, or held any of certain positions with the types of businesses listed above. You must make this disclosure if you own or owned (either directly or indirectly in the form of an equitable or beneficial interest) at any time during the disclosure period more than 5% of the total assets or capital stock of one of the types of business entities listed above. You also must complete this part of the form for each of these types of businesses for which you are, or were at any time during the disclosure period, an officer, director, partner, proprietor, or agent (other than a resident agent solely for service of process).

If you have or held such a position or ownership interest in one of these types of businesses, list the name of the business, its address and principal business activity, and the position held with the business (if any). If you own(ed) more than a 5% interest in the business, indicate that fact and describe the nature of your interest.

Training Certification

[Required by s. 112.3142, F.S.]

If you are a Constitutional or elected municipal officer, appointed school superintendent, a commissioner of a community redevelopment agency created under Part III, Chapter 163, or an elected local officer of an independent special district, including any person appointed to fill a vacancy on an elected independent special district board, whose service began on or before March 31 of the year for which you are filing, you are required to complete four hours of ethics training which addresses Article II, Section 8 of the Florida Constitution, the Code of Ethics for Public Officers and Employees, and the public records and open meetings laws of the state. You are required to certify on this form that you have taken such training.

CE FORM 1 - Effective: January 1, 2026

Incorporated by reference in Rules 34-8.001 and 34-8.202, F.A.C

RESOLUTION 2026-12

A RESOLUTION DESIGNATING CERTAIN OFFICERS OF THE CURRENTS COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT; PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY AND INVALID PROVISIONS; PROVIDING FOR CONFLICT AND PROVIDING FOR AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

WHEREAS, the Currents Community Development District ("District") is a local unit of special-purpose government created and existing pursuant to Chapter 190, Florida Statutes, being situated entirely within Collier County, Florida, and:

WHEREAS, pursuant to Chapter 190, Florida Statutes, the Board of Supervisors ("Board") shall organize by election of its members as Chairperson and by directing a Secretary, and such other officers as the Board may deem necessary.

WHEREAS, the Board of Supervisors of the Currents Community Development District desire to appoint the below recited person(s) to the offices specified.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF THE CURRENTS COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT:

SECTION 1. DESIGNATION OF OFFICERS OF THE DISTRICT. The following persons are appointed to the offices shown:

OFFICE	NAME OF OFFICE HOLDER
CHAIRPERSON	FELIPE GONZALEZ
VICE-CHAIRPERSON	RYAN FUTCH
ASSISTANT SECRETARY	JARRETT ENGLISH
ASSISTANT SECRETARY	VALERIA LAGUNAS-SILVA
ASSISTANT SECRETARY	VACANT
SECRETARY & TREASURER	JAMES P. WARD

SECTION 2. SEVERABILITY AND INVALID PROVISIONS. If any one of the covenants, agreements or provisions herein contained shall be held contrary to any express provision of law or contract to the policy of express law, but not expressly prohibited or against public policy, or shall for any reason whatsoever be held invalid, then such covenants, agreements or provisions shall be null and void and shall be deemed separable from the remaining covenants, agreements or provisions and shall in no way effect the validity of the other provisions hereof.

SECTION 3. CONFLICT. That all Sections or parts of Sections of any Resolutions, Agreements, or actions of the Board of Supervisors in conflict are hereby repealed to the extent of such conflict.

SECTION 4. PROVIDING FOR AN EFFECTIVE DATE. This Resolution shall become effective immediately upon passage.

PASSED AND ADOPTED by the Board of Supervisors of the Currents Community Development District, Collier County, Florida, this 10th day of September, 2026.

ATTEST:

**CURRENTS COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT
DISTRICT**

James P. Ward, Secretary

Felipe Gonzalez, Chairperson

On MOTION made by Ryan Futch, seconded by Valeria Lagunas-Silva, and with all in favor, the March 12, 2026 Regular Meeting Minutes were approved.

FOURTH ORDER OF BUSINESS

FISCAL YEAR 2027 BUDGET

I. Public Comment and Testimony

Mr. Ward called for a motion to open the Public Hearing.

On MOTION made by Ryan Futch, seconded by Valeria Lagunas-Silva, and with all in favor, the Public Hearing was opened.

Mr. Ward asked if there were any members of the public present in person, or on audio or video with questions regarding the Fiscal Year 2027 budget; there were none. There were no members of the public present in person or on audio or video. He called for a motion to close the public hearing.

On MOTION made by Ryan Futch, seconded by Jarret English, and with all in favor, the Public Hearing was closed.

II. Board Comment

Mr. Ward asked if there were any Board questions; there were none.

III. Consideration of Resolution 2026-6, a resolution of the Board of Supervisors adopting the Annual Appropriation and Budget for Fiscal Year 2027

Mr. Ward called for a motion to approve the budget beginning October 1, 2026 and ending on September 30, 2027.

On MOTION made by Ryan Futch, seconded by Jarret English, and with all in favor, Resolution 2026-6 was adopted, and the Chair was authorized to sign.

b) FISCAL YEAR 2027 IMPOSING SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS; CERTIFYING AN ASSESSMENT ROLL, PROVIDING A SEVERABILITY CLAUSE; PROVIDING FOR CONFLICT AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE

Mr. Ward indicated this public hearing set into place the assessment rates and certified an assessment roll.

I. Public Comment and Testimony

Mr. Ward called for a motion to open the Public Hearing.

On MOTION made by Jarret English, seconded by Ryan Futch, and with all in favor, the Public Hearing was opened.

Mr. Ward asked if there were any members of the public present in person, or on audio or video with questions; there were none. There were no members of the public present in person or via audio or video. He called for a motion to close the public hearing.

On MOTION made by Ryan Futch, seconded by Jarret English, and with all in favor, the Public Hearing was closed.

II. Board Comment

Mr. Ward noted Resolution 2026-7 set the assessment rate for the general fund and adopted an assessment roll. He asked if there were any questions; there were none.

III. Consideration of Resolution 2026-7, a resolution of the Board of Supervisors imposing special assessments, and certifying an assessment roll

Mr. Ward called for a motion.

On MOTION made by Ryan Futch, seconded by Valeria Lagunas-Silva, and with all in favor, Resolution 2026-7 was adopted, and the Chair was authorized to sign.

FIFTH ORDER OF BUSINESS

Consideration of Resolution 2026-8

Consideration of Resolution 2026-8, a resolution of the Board of Supervisors designating dates, time, and location for regular meetings of the Board of Supervisors for Fiscal Year 2027

Mr. Ward noted the meeting dates would be the second Thursday of each month at 10:00 a.m. at the Windsor Office Suites at Strand Professional Park, 5660 Strand Court, Naples, Florida 34110. He noted the Resolution did not bind the Board to the use of these dates; it simply set the dates, time, and location; the dates, time or location could be changed and readvertised at the discretion of the Board. He asked if there were any questions.

On MOTION made by Ryan Futch, seconded by Valeria Lagunas-Silva, and with all in favor, Resolution 2026-8 was adopted, and the Chair was authorized to sign.

SIXTH ORDER OF BUSINESS

Consideration of Resolution 2026-9

Consideration of Resolution 2026-9, a Resolution of the Board of Supervisors of the Currents Setting the Final Landowners Election for November 12, 2026, at 10:00 AM at

the Windsor Office Suites at Strand Professional Park, 5660 Strand Court, Naples, Florida 34110 for a Landowners' Meeting and Election; Providing for Publication; Establishing Forms for the Landowner Election; and Providing for Severability and an Effective Date

Mr. Ward stated Resolution 2026-9 set the Landowners' Election for November 12, 2026 at 10:00 a.m. for two board seats. He asked if there were any questions; hearing none, he called for a motion.

On MOTION made by Ryan Futch, seconded by Jarret English, and with all in favor, Resolution 2026-9 was adopted, and the Chair was authorized to sign.

SEVENTH ORDER OF BUSINESS

Consideration of Resolution 2026-10

Consideration of Resolution 2026-10, a Resolution of the Board of Supervisors of the Currents Community Development District implementing Section 190.006(3), Florida Statutes, and requesting that the Collier County Supervisor of Elections Begin Conducting the District's General Elections; Providing for Compensation; Setting Forth the Terms of Office; Authorizing Notice of the Qualifying Period; and Providing for Severability and an Effective Date

Mr. Ward stated Resolution 2026-10 was pursuant to Section 190.006(3) which requested the Supervisor of Election to conduct general elections for two board seats beginning the transition from landowners to qualified electors. He asked if there were any questions; hearing none, he called for a motion.

On MOTION made by Ryan Futch, seconded by Jarret English, and with all in favor, Resolution 2026-10 was adopted, and the Chair was authorized to sign.

EIGHTH ORDER OF BUSINESS

Consideration of Resolution 2026-11

Consideration of Resolution 2026-11, a Resolution of the Board of Supervisors approving the agreements with PFM Management Services LLC, and PFM Financial Advisors LLC; authorizing the Chairperson to execute the agreements; providing general authorization; and addressing conflicts, severability, and an effective date

Mr. Ward stated he sold his firm to PFM Management Services LLC and PFM Financial Advisors LLC; the sale became effective April 9, 2026. He noted he would remain with PFM for a year or so before he transitioned out. He explained Resolution 2026-11 transferred the JPWard and Associates LLC agreements over to PFM. He indicated the scope of services and fee structures remained the same. He asked if there were any questions; hearing none, he called for a motion.

On MOTION made by Ryan Futch, seconded by Jarret English, and with all in favor, Resolution 2026-11 was adopted, and the Chair was authorized to sign.

NINTH ORDER OF BUSINESS**Staff Reports****I. District Attorney**

No report.

II. District Engineer

No report.

III. District Asset Manager**a) Water Quality Report December 2025**

No report.

IV. District Manager**a) Supervisor of Elections Qualified Elector Report dated April 15, 2026****b) Important Meeting Dates for Fiscal Year 2026:**

- **NEXT MEETING: Thursday, June 11, 2026 - Regular Meeting.**
- **General Election: Candidate Qualifying Period June 8, 2026 - June 12, 2026 (Seats 2 and 4)**

c) Financial Statement for period ending April 30, 2026 (unaudited)

Mr. Ward stated the Supervisor of Elections reported there were 732 qualified electors (registered voters) in the District as of April 15, 2026. He stated the transition from a Landowners' Election to a qualified elector election would begin this November with the transition of two seats (as referenced and approved above). He said no action was required by the Board.

TENTH ORDER OF BUSINESS**Supervisor's Requests**

Mr. Ward asked if there were any Supervisor's Requests; there were none.

ELEVENTH ORDER OF BUSINESS**Public Comments**

There were no members of the public present.

TWELFTH ORDER OF BUSINESS**Adjournment**

Mr. Ward adjourned the meeting at approximately 10:10 a.m.

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On MOTION made by Ryan Futch, seconded by Valeria Lagunas-Silva, and with all in favor, the Meeting was adjourned.

Currents Community Development District

James P. Ward, Secretary

Felipe Gonzalez, Chairperson

DRAFT

CURRENTS

Community Development District

District Manager: James P. Ward
2301 NE 37th Street
Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33308
954.658.4900

To: Board of Supervisors

From: District Manager

RE: 2024 Florida Statutes (including 2025C)
Section 189.0694 Special Districts; Performance Measures and Standards

Beginning October 1, 2024, or by the end of the first full fiscal year after its creation, whichever is later, each special district must establish goals and objectives for each program and activity undertaken by the district, as well as performance measures and standards to determine if the district's goals and objectives are being achieved. Additionally, by December 1 of each year thereafter, each special district must publish an annual report on the district's website describing: (a) The goals and objectives achieved by the district, as well as the performance measures and standards used by the district to make this determination; and (b) Any goals or objectives the district failed to achieve.

District Management has identified the following key categories to focus on for Fiscal Year 2026 and develop statutorily compliant goals for each:

- Community Communication and Engagement
- Financial Transparency and Accountability

Additionally, special districts must provide an annual reporting form to share with the public that reflects whether the goals & objectives were met for the year. District Management has streamlined these requirements into a single document that meets both the statutory requirements for goal/objective setting and annual reporting.

The proposed goals/objectives and the annual reporting form are attached hereto as **Exhibit A** to this memo. District Management recommends that the Board of Supervisors adopt these goals and objectives to maintain compliance and further enhance their commitment to the accountability and transparency of the District.

CURRENTS COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT
Performance Measures/Standards & Annual Reporting Form
October 1, 2025 - September 30, 2026

1. COMMUNITY COMMUNICATION AND ENGAGEMENT

Goal 1.1 Public Meetings Compliance

Objective: Hold at least two (2) regular Board of Supervisor meetings per year to conduct CDD related business and discuss community needs.

Measurement: Number of public board meetings held annually as evidenced by meeting minutes and legal advertisements.

Standard: A minimum of two (2) regular board meetings was held during the fiscal year.

Achieved: Yes ☒ No ☐

Goal 1.2 Notice of Meetings Compliance

Objective: Provide public notice of each meeting at least seven days in advance, as specified in Section 190.007(1), using at least two communication methods.

Measurement: Timeliness and method of meeting notices as evidenced by posting to CDD website, publishing in local newspaper and via electronic communication.

Standard: 100% of meetings were advertised with 7 days' notice per statute on at least two mediums (i.e., newspaper, CDD website, electronic communications).

Achieved: Yes ☒ No ☐

Goal 1.3 Access to Records Compliance

Objective: Ensure that meeting minutes and other public records are readily available and easily accessible to the public by completing monthly CDD website checks.

Exhibit A - Goals, Objectives and Annual Reporting Form

Measurement: Monthly website reviews will be completed to ensure meeting minutes, and other public records are up to date as evidenced by District Management's records.

Standard: 100% of monthly website checks were completed by District Management.

Achieved: Yes ☒ No ☐

2. FINANCIAL TRANSPARENCY AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Goal 2.1 Annual Budget Preparation

Objective: Prepare and approve the annual proposed budget by June 15 and final budget was adopted by September 30 each year.

Measurement: Proposed budget was approved by the Board before June 15 and final budget was adopted by September 30 as evidenced by meeting minutes and budget documents listed on CDD website and/or within district records.

Standard: 100% of budget approval and adoption were completed by the statutory deadlines and posted to the CDD website.

Achieved: Yes ☒ No ☐

Goal 2.2 Financial Reports

Objective: Publish to the CDD website the most recent versions of the following documents: annual audit, current fiscal year budget with any amendments, and most recent financials within the latest agenda package.

Measurement: Annual audit, previous years' budgets, and financials are accessible to the public as evidenced by corresponding documents on the CDD website.

Standard: CDD website contains 100% of the following information: most recent annual audit, most recently adopted/amended fiscal year budget, and most recent agenda package with updated financials.

Exhibit A - Goals, Objectives and Annual Reporting Form

Achieved: Yes ☒ No ☐

Goal 2.3 Annual Financial Audit

Objective: Conduct an annual independent financial audit per statutory requirements and publish the results to the CDD website for public inspection and transmit said results to the State of Florida.

Measurement: Timeliness of audit completion and publication as evidenced by meeting minutes showing board approval and annual audit is available on the CDD website and transmitted to the State of Florida.

Standard: Audit was completed by an independent auditing firm per statutory requirements and results were posted to the CDD website and transmitted to the State of Florida.

Achieved: Yes ☒ No ☐

James P. Ward, District Manager

_____, Chairman

Date

Date

MEMO

District Manager: James P. Ward
2301 Northeast 37th Street
Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33308
Phone: 954.658.4900
Email: Wardj@pfm.com

To: Board of Supervisors
From: James P. Ward
Date: August 5, 2026
Re: Commission on Ethics Electronic Financial Disclosure Management System (EFDMS), Financial Disclosure Forms and Required Ethics Training

Ethics Training Requirements:

Pursuant to Section 112.3142, *Florida Statutes*, all Supervisors of a Community Development District organized and existing under the Uniform Community Development District Act of 1980, Chapter 190, *Florida Statutes*, are required to complete four (4) hours of ethics training each calendar year. The four (4) hours of Ethics Training shall be allocated amongst the following categories:

- two (2) hours of ethics law,
- one (1) hour of Sunshine Law; and
- one (1) hour of Public Records law

Supervisors will report their 2026 training when they fill out their Form 1 (Statements of Financial Interests) for the year 2027 by checking a box confirming that they have completed the annual Ethics Training.

Please note that the four (4) hours of the Ethics Training do not have to be completed all at once. *ETHICS TRAINING IS REQUIRED TO BE COMPLETED BY DECEMBER 31, 2026 FOR THE FORM 1 THAT IS FILED IN 2027.*

It is highly recommended that you keep a record of all ethics training used to satisfy the Ethics Training requirements. At present, there is no need to submit a certificate or letter of completion of Ethics Training. However, the Florida Commission on Ethics ("COE") advises that Supervisors maintain a record in the event they are asked to provide proof of completion of all Ethics Training.

Additionally, you may be solicited by a private organization (Florida Association of Special Districts) – to take their Ethics Training Course on their platform for which there is a fee. **You are NOT required to use their services nor pay the fees they charge.** There are several free online resources and links to resources that Supervisors might find helpful, including free training for the two (2) hour ethics portion and links to outside training(s) which can be used to satisfy the other categories of the Ethics Training. **You may take training from any source you choose.**

General Resource: Florida Commission on Ethics - [Training - Ethics \(state.fl.us\)](https://www.state.fl.us/ethics/training)

MEMO

1. Free Training Programs:

Ethics law – The COE provides several free training videos (audio/visual or audio only) covering specific ethics law topics. Please note that two (hours” in the category of ethics law are required annually. Pursuant to CEO 13-15, “hours” may be measured in fifty (50) minute increments so you should ensure you satisfactorily complete sufficient programs to satisfy the two-hour ethics requirement if choosing a combination of training videos listed below.

a. **State Ethics Laws for Constitutional Officers & Elected Municipal Officers:**

Note: Google Chrome web browser will not open – use another web browser.

[Video Tutorial](#)

b. **Office of the Attorney General offers training on Sunshine Law and Public Records Law (22-page presentation - no audio):**

[23-page presentation - no audio](#)

c. **Office of the Attorney General 2-hour Audio-only Presentation regarding Public Meetings and Public Records Law:**

[Audio presentation - no video](#)

d. **The Florida League of Cities** offers a free four-hour online course which satisfies the annual requirement to attend two hours of ethics law, one hour of Sunshine law, and one hour of Public Records law. The course is available online 24/7 and may be paused and resumed at your convenience. Registration is required for this class; however, there is no registration fee.

[Florida League of Cities Website](#)

[FLC Future Ethics Workshop Dates:](#)

[10/14/2026: 10 am - 3:30 pm](#)

[12/16/2026: 10 am - 3:30 pm](#)

2. Other Training Programs

a. **Florida State University’s Florida Institute of Government** offers a “4-Hour Ethics Course” which satisfies the annual requirement to attend two hours of ethics law, one hour of Sunshine law, and one hour of Public Records law. The course is available online 24/7 and may be paused and resumed at your convenience. The registration fee is \$79.00.

- [4-Hour Ethics Course](#)

b. **Florida Ethics Institute (FEI)** offers a 4-hour Florida Ethics & Open Government Master Class which satisfies the state’s annual ethics training requirement mandated by the Code of Ethics for Public Officers and Employees and applicable to elected municipal officers, constitution officers, and others. In accordance with the legal mandate the training consists of two hours of Ethics Law (covering Florida’s ethics laws and Art. II, s. 8, Fla. Const.), one hour of Sunshine Law (Ch. 286, F.S.), and one hour of Public Records Law (Ch. 119, F.S.) education. The cost is \$75.00.

- [Home - Florida Ethics Institute](#)

Currents

Community Development District

Financial Statements
June 30, 2026

PFM Management Services LLC
3501 Quadrangle Boulevard, Suite 270
Orlando, Florida 32817
Phone: (954) 658-4900

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Currents Community Development District

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Currents Community Development District
Balance Sheet
Through June 30, 2026

	Governmental Funds								Totals (Memorandum Only)							
	General Fund		Debt Service Funds		Capital Project Fund		Account Groups									
							General Long Term Debt	General Fixed Assets								
		Series 2020A	Series 2020B	Series 2024	Series 2024											
Assets																
Cash and Investments																
General Fund																
Truist Checking Account	\$	564,512	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	564,512						
Debt Service Fund																
Interest Account		-	-	-	333	-	-	-	333							
Reserve Account		-	327,600	244,375	652,440	-	-	-	1,224,415							
Revenue Account		-	383,206	4,841	656,151	-	-	-	1,044,198							
Prepayment Account		-	-	434,700	34,167	-	-	-	468,867							
Construction Account		-	-	-	-	30,342	-	-	30,342							
Accounts Receivable		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
Due from Other Funds																
General Fund		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
Debt Service Fund(s)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
Amount Available in Debt Service Funds		-	-	-	-	-	1,394,723	-	1,394,723							
Amount to be Provided by Debt Service Funds		-	-	-	-	-	32,915,277	-	32,915,277							
Investment in General Fixed Assets (net of depreciation)		-	-	-	-	-	-	32,764,603	32,764,603							
Total Assets	\$	564,512	\$	710,806	\$	683,917	\$	1,343,091	\$	30,342	\$	34,310,000	\$	32,764,603	\$	70,407,270

Currents Community Development District
Balance Sheet
Through June 30, 2026

	Governmental Funds								Totals (Memorandum Only)		
	General Fund		Debt Service Funds		Capital Project Fund		Account Groups				
							General Long Term Debt	General Fixed Assets			
		Series 2020A	Series 2020B	Series 2024	Series 2024						
Liabilities											
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Due to Other Funds											
General Fund		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Debt Service Fund(s)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Due to Developer		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Notes Payable		-	-	-	-	3,082,451	-	-		3,082,451	
Bonds Payable											
Current Portion (Due within 12 months)											
Series 2020A		-	-	-	-	-	\$250,000	-		250,000	
Series 2020B		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Series 2024		-	-	-	-	-	\$285,000	-		285,000	
Long Term											
Series 2020A		-	-	-	-	-	10,075,000	-		10,075,000	
Series 2020B		-	-	-	-	-	5,750,000	-		5,750,000	
Series 2024		-	-	-	-	-	\$17,950,000	-		17,950,000	
Unamortized Prem/Disc on Bds Pybl		-	-	-	-	(101,125)	-	-		(101,125)	
Total Liabilities	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,981,327	\$ 34,310,000	\$	-	\$ 37,291,327
Fund Equity and Other Credits											
Investment in General Fixed Assets		-	-	-	-	-	-		32,764,603		32,764,603
Fund Balance											
Restricted											
Beginning: October 1, 2025 (Unaudited)		-	669,426	969,860	1,284,565	(2,969,380)	-	-		(45,529)	
Results from Current Operations		-	41,380	(285,943)	58,526	18,395	-	-		(167,643)	
Unassigned											
Beginning: October 1, 2025 (Unaudited)		134,192	-	-	-	-	-	-		134,192	
Additions/(Expenditures) to General Fund											
Extraordinary Capital/Operations Reserve		37,500	-	-	-	-	-	-		37,500	
1st Qtr Operations Reserve		33,048	-	-	-	-	-	-		33,048	
Results from Current Operations		359,771	-	-	-	-	-	-		359,771	
Total Fund Equity and Other Credits	\$	564,512	\$ 710,806	\$ 683,917	\$ 1,343,091	\$ (2,950,985)	\$ -	\$ 32,764,603	\$	33,115,943	
Total Liabilities, Fund Equity and Other Credits	\$	564,512	\$ 710,806	\$ 683,917	\$ 1,343,091	\$ 30,342	\$ 34,310,000	\$ 32,764,603	\$	70,407,270	

Unaudited

Prepared by:
PFM Management Services LLC

Currents Community Development District
General Fund
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Through June 30, 2026

Description	June	Year to Date	Total Annual Budget	% of Budget
Revenue and Other Sources				
Carryforward	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	0%
Special Assessment Revenue				
Special Assessments - On-Roll	5,429	733,531	765,687	96%
Other Fees and Charges				
Discounts/Collection Fees	-	-	(53,598)	0%
Total Revenue and Other Sources	\$ 5,429	733,531	\$ 765,687	96%
Expenditures and Other Uses				
Executive				
Professional Management	3,917	35,250	47,000	75%
Financial and Administrative				
Audit Services	-	4,200	4,500	93%
Accounting Services	3,333	30,000	40,000	75%
Assessment Roll Services	3,333	30,000	40,000	75%
Arbitrage Rebate Services	-	-	1,500	0%
Other Contractual Services				
Legal Advertising	1,193	2,324	4,200	55%
Trustee Services	-	-	11,250	0%
Dissemination Agent Services	-	3,500	5,000	70%
Bond Amortization Schedules	-	750	1,500	50%
Property Appraiser Fees	-	20,369	750	2716%
Rentals and Leases	374	374	-	0%
Bank Service Fees	-	-	250	0%
Communications & Freight Services				
Postage, Freight & Messenger	35	283	500	57%
Computer Services - Website Development	-	2,400	2,400	100%
Insurance	-	7,199	7,000	103%
Printing & Binding	-	-	100	0%
Subscription & Memberships	-	175	175	100%
Legal Services				
Legal - General Counsel	-	2,054	10,000	21%
Legal - Series 2024 Bonds	-	650	-	0%
Other General Government Services				
Engineering Services	-	-	10,000	0%

Currents Community Development District
General Fund
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Through June 30, 2026

Description	June	Year to Date	Total Annual Budget	% of Budget
Stormwater Management Services				
Professional - Management	3,032	14,447	60,000	24%
Lake System				
Aquatic Weed Control	6,690	57,305	80,000	72%
Lake Bank Maintenance	-	1,000	22,000	5%
Water Quality Reporting/Testing	4,400	8,850.00	15,000	59%
Littoral Shelf - Invasive Plant Ctrl	-	-	10,000	0%
Control Structures/Catch Basin/Outfall	-	-	120,000	0%
Preserve Services				
Repairs & Maintenance	1,742	35,445	15,000	236%
Monitoring	-	720	12,000	6%
Capital Outlay				
Littoral Shelf Plantings	20,950	20,950	10,000	210%
Erosion Restoration	424	10,568	24,500	43%
Contingencies	1,800	1,800.00	27,400	7%
Landscaping				
Repairs & Maintenance	3,600	12,600	36,000	35%
Reserves				
Extraordinary Capital/Operations	4,167	37,500	50,000	75%
1st Quarter Operations Reserve	3,672	33,048	44,064	75%
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 62,662	\$ 373,760	\$ 712,089	52%
 Net Increase/ (Decrease) in Fund Balance	 (57,233)	 359,771	 -	
 Fund Balance - Beginning	 613,906	 134,192	 134,192	
Extraordinary Capital/Operations Reserve	4,167	37,500	50,000	
1st Quarter Operations Reserve	3,672	33,048	44,064	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 564,512	\$ 564,512	\$ 228,256	

Currents Community Development District
Debt Service Fund - Series 2020A
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Through June 30, 2026

Description	June	Year to Date	Total Annual Budget	% of Budget
Revenue and Other Sources				
Carryforward	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	0%
Interest Income				
Reserve Account	973	8,957	12,500	72%
Revenue Account	1,107	13,713	8,000	171%
Special Assessment Revenue				
Special Assessments - On Roll	4,995	674,860	701,123	96%
Other Fees and Charges				
Fees/Discounts for Early Payment	-	-	(45,867)	0%
Total Revenue and Other Sources	\$ 7,075	\$ 697,530	\$ 675,756	103%
Expenditures and Other Uses				
Debt Service				
Principal Debt Service - Mandatory				
Series 2020A	-	240,000	240,000	100%
Interest Expense				
Series 2020A	-	416,150	416,150	100%
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ -	\$ 656,150	\$ 656,150	100%
Net Increase/ (Decrease) in Fund Balance	7,075	41,380	19,606	
Fund Balance - Beginning	703,731	669,426	669,426	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 710,806	\$ 710,806	\$ 689,032	

Currents Community Development District
Debt Service Fund - Series 2020B
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Through June 30, 2026

Description	June	Year to Date	Total Annual Budget	% of Budget
Revenue and Other Sources				
Carryforward	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	0%
Interest Income				
Reserve Account	778	8,193	20,186	41%
Revenue Account	11	440	654	67%
Prepayment Account	127	11,146	-	0%
Special Assessment Revenue				
Special Assessments - Off Roll	-	270,561	345,844	78%
Special Assessments - Prepayments	164,347	1,559,298	-	0%
Total Revenue and Other Sources	\$ 165,264	\$ 1,849,638	\$ 366,684	504%
Expenditures and Other Uses				
Debt Service				
Principal Debt Service - Mandatory				
Series 2020B	-	-	-	0%
Principal Debt Service - Early Redemptions				
Series 2020B	-	1,835,000	-	0%
Interest Expense				
Series 2020B	-	300,581	345,844	87%
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ -	\$ 2,135,581	\$ 345,844	617%
Net Increase/ (Decrease) in Fund Balance	165,264	(285,943)	20,840	
Fund Balance - Beginning	518,653	969,860	969,860	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 683,917	\$ 683,917	\$ 990,700	

Currents Community Development District
Debt Service Fund - Series 2024
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Through June 30, 2026

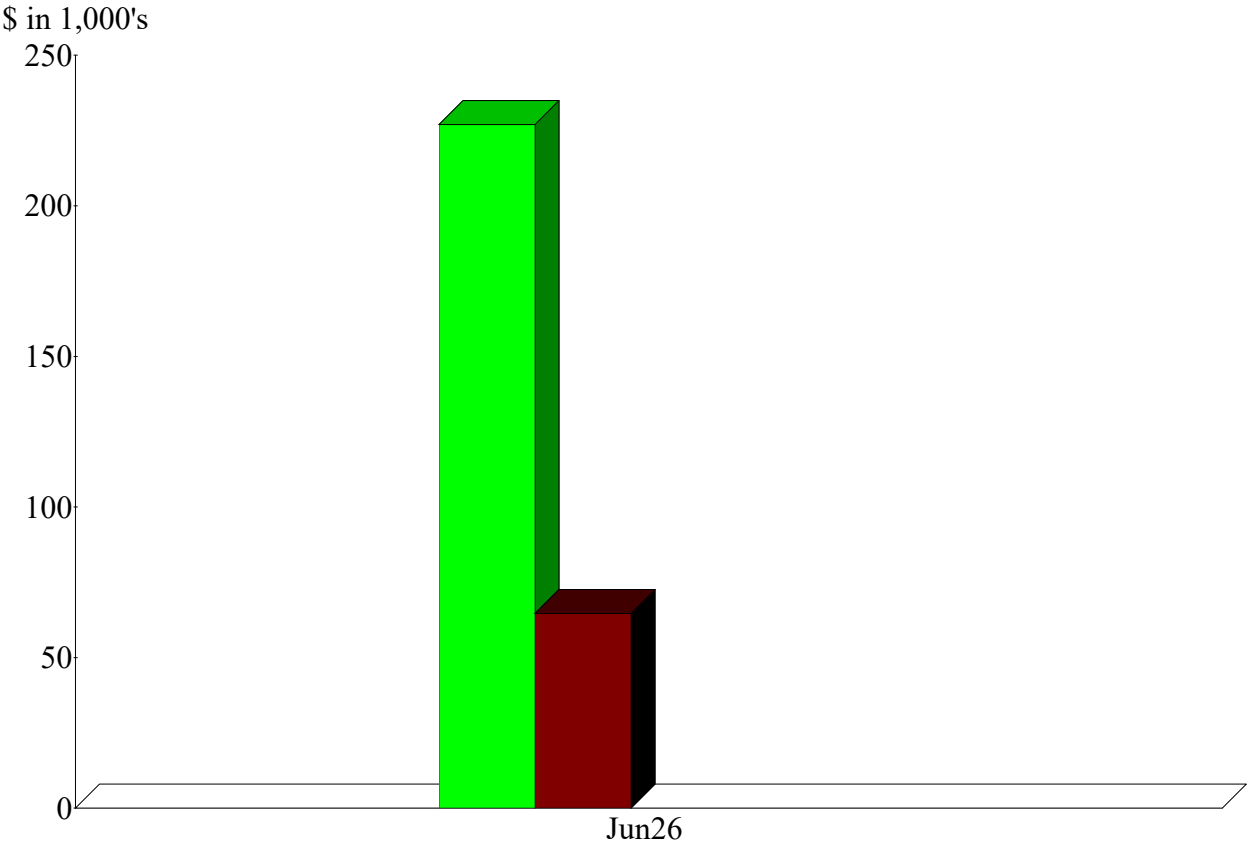
Description	June	Year to Date	Total Annual Budget	% of Budget
Revenue and Other Sources				
Carryforward	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	0%
Interest Income				
Reserve Account	1,938	17,851	29,076	61%
Revenue Account	1,895	22,921	1,889	1213%
Prepayment Account	330	522	-	0%
Interest Account	0	2	-	0%
Capitalized Interest Account	-	1	300	0%
Special Assessment Revenue				
Special Assessments - On Roll	9,963	1,346,139	1,398,499	96%
Special Assessments - Prepayments	33,107	33,107	-	0%
Other Fees and Charges				
Fees/Discounts for Early Payment	-	-	(91,491)	0%
Intragovernmental Transfer In	-	-	-	0%
Total Revenue and Other Sources	\$ 47,232	\$ 1,420,542	\$ 1,338,273	106%
Expenditures and Other Uses				
Debt Service				
Principal Debt Service - Mandatory				
Series 2024	-	270,000	270,000	100%
Principal Debt Service - Early Redemptions				
Series 2024	-	35,000	-	0%
Interest Expense				
Series 2024	-	1,039,165	1,039,165	100%
Intragovernmental Transfer Out	1,938	17,851	-	0%
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 1,938	\$ 1,362,016	\$ 1,309,165	104%
Net Increase/ (Decrease) in Fund Balance	45,294	58,526	29,108	
Fund Balance - Beginning	1,297,797	1,284,565	1,284,565	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 1,343,091	\$ 1,343,091	\$ 1,313,673	

Currents Community Development District
Construction Project Fund - Series 2024
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Through June 30, 2026

Description	June	Year to Date	Total Annual Budget	% of Budget
Revenue and Other Sources				
Carryforward	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	0%
Interest Income				
Construction Account	84	544	-	0%
Intragovernmental Transfer in	1,938	17,851	-	0%
Total Revenue and Other Sources	\$ 2,021	\$ 18,395	\$ -	0%
Expenditures and Other Uses				
Capital Outlay				
Intragovernmental Transfer Out	-	-	-	0%
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	0%
Net Increase/ (Decrease) in Fund Balance	2,021	18,395	-	
Fund Balance - Beginning	(2,953,006)	(2,969,380)	-	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ (2,950,985)	\$ (2,950,985)	\$ -	

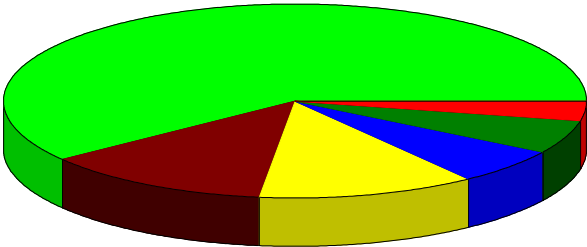
Currents Community Development District

Income and Expense by Month
June 2026



Expense Summary
June 2026

5380000 · Stormwater Mgmt-Construction	60.43%
5130000 · Financial and Administrative	12.80
9099000 · Reserve Allocations	12.13
5120000 · Executive	6.06
5390000 · Other Physical Environment	5.57
5810000 · Interfund Transfer Out	3.00
Total	\$64,600.01



By Account

Currents

Community Development District

*Financial Statements
July 31, 2026*

PFM Management Services LLC
3501 Quadrangle Boulevard, Suite 270
Orlando, Florida 32817
Phone: (954) 658-4900

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**Currents Community Development District
Balance Sheet
Through July 31, 2026**

	Governmental Funds								Totals (Memorandum Only)	
	General Fund		Debt Service Funds		Capital Project Fund		Account Groups			
							General Long Term Debt	General Fixed Assets		
		Series 2020A	Series 2020B	Series 2024	Series 2024					
Assets										
Cash and Investments										
General Fund										
Truist Checking Account	\$	410,583	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	410,583
Debt Service Fund										
Interest Account		-		-		334		-		334
Reserve Account		-		327,600		244,375		652,440		1,224,415
Revenue Account		-		385,251		6,601		658,187		1,050,039
Prepayment Account		-		-		634,323		34,167		668,489
Construction Account		-		-		-		32,303		32,303
Accounts Receivable		80		-		-		-		80
Due from Other Funds										
General Fund		-		-		-		-		-
Debt Service Fund(s)		-		-		-		-		-
Amount Available in Debt Service Funds		-		-		-		1,598,150		1,598,150
Amount to be Provided by Debt Service Funds		-		-		-		32,711,850		32,711,850
Investment in General Fixed Assets (net of depreciation)		-		-		-		-		32,764,603
Total Assets	\$	410,663	\$	712,851	\$	885,299	\$	1,345,128	\$	32,303
								34,310,000		32,764,603
	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	

**Currents Community Development District
Balance Sheet
Through July 31, 2026**

	Governmental Funds								Totals (Memorandum Only)		
	General Fund		Debt Service Funds		Capital Project Fund		Account Groups				
							General Long Term Debt	General Fixed Assets			
		Series 2020A	Series 2020B	Series 2024	Series 2024						
Liabilities											
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Due to Other Funds											
General Fund		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Debt Service Fund(s)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Due to Developer		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Notes Payable		-	-	-	-	3,082,451	-	-	-	3,082,451	
Bonds Payable											
Current Portion (Due within 12 months)											
Series 2020A		-	-	-	-	-	\$250,000	-	-	250,000	
Series 2020B		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Series 2024		-	-	-	-	-	\$285,000	-	-	285,000	
Long Term											
Series 2020A		-	-	-	-	-	10,075,000	-	-	10,075,000	
Series 2020B		-	-	-	-	-	5,750,000	-	-	5,750,000	
Series 2024		-	-	-	-	-	\$17,950,000	-	-	17,950,000	
Unamortized Prem/Disc on Bds Pybl		-	-	-	-	(101,125)	-	-	-	(101,125)	
Total Liabilities	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,981,327	\$ 34,310,000	\$	-	\$ 37,291,327
Fund Equity and Other Credits											
Investment in General Fixed Assets		-	-	-	-	-	-	32,764,603		32,764,603	
Fund Balance											
Restricted											
Beginning: October 1, 2025 (Unaudited)		-	669,426	969,860	1,284,565	(2,969,380)	-	-	-	(45,529)	
Results from Current Operations		-	43,425	(84,561)	60,564	20,357	-	-	-	39,784	
Unassigned											
Beginning: October 1, 2025 (Unaudited)		134,192	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	134,192	
Additions/(Expenditures) to General Fund											
Extraordinary Capital/Operations Reserve		41,667	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	41,667	
1st Qtr Operations Reserve		36,720	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36,720	
Results from Current Operations		198,084	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	198,084	
Total Fund Equity and Other Credits	\$	410,663	\$ 712,851	\$ 885,299	\$ 1,345,128	\$ (2,949,023)	\$ -	\$ 32,764,603	\$	33,169,521	
Total Liabilities, Fund Equity and Other Credits	\$	410,663	\$ 712,851	\$ 885,299	\$ 1,345,128	\$ 32,303	\$ 34,310,000	\$ 32,764,603	\$	70,460,848	

Currents Community Development District
General Fund
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Through July 31, 2026

Description	July	Year to Date	Total Annual Budget	% of Budget
Revenue and Other Sources				
Carryforward	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	0%
Special Assessment Revenue				
Special Assessments - On-Roll	14	733,545	765,687	96%
Other Fees and Charges				
Discounts/Collection Fees	-	-	(53,598)	0%
Total Revenue and Other Sources	\$ 14	733,545	\$ 765,687	96%
Expenditures and Other Uses				
Executive				
Professional Management	3,917	39,167	47,000	83%
Financial and Administrative				
Audit Services	-	4,200	4,500	93%
Accounting Services	3,333	33,333	40,000	83%
Assessment Roll Services	3,333	33,333	40,000	83%
Arbitrage Rebate Services	-	-	1,500	0%
Other Contractual Services				
Legal Advertising	-	2,324	4,200	55%
Trustee Services	-	-	11,250	0%
Dissemination Agent Services	-	3,500	5,000	70%
Bond Amortization Schedules	-	750	1,500	50%
Property Appraiser Fees	-	20,369	750	2716%
Rentals and Leases	-	374	-	0%
Bank Service Fees	-	-	250	0%
Communications & Freight Services				
Postage, Freight & Messenger	474	757	500	151%
Computer Services - Website Development	-	2,400	2,400	100%
Insurance	-	7,199	7,000	103%
Printing & Binding	-	-	100	0%
Subscription & Memberships	-	175	175	100%
Legal Services				
Legal - General Counsel	119	2,173	10,000	22%
Legal - Series 2024 Bonds	656	1,306	-	0%
Other General Government Services				
Engineering Services	-	-	10,000	0%

Currents Community Development District
General Fund
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Through July 31, 2026

Description	July	Year to Date	Total Annual Budget	% of Budget
Stormwater Management Services				
Professional - Management	3,199	17,646	60,000	29%
Lake System				
Aquatic Weed Control	6,690	63,995	80,000	80%
Lake Bank Maintenance	-	1,000	22,000	5%
Water Quality Reporting/Testing	-	8,850.00	15,000	59%
Littoral Shelf - Invasive Plant Ctrl	-	-	10,000	0%
Control Structures/Catch Basin/Outfall	120,000	120,000	120,000	100%
Preserve Services				
Repairs & Maintenance	1,742	37,187	15,000	248%
Monitoring	-	720	12,000	6%
Capital Outlay				
Littoral Shelf Plantings	-	20,950	10,000	210%
Erosion Restoration	-	10,568	24,500	43%
Contingencies	6,800	8,600.00	27,400	31%
Landscaping				
Repairs & Maintenance	3,600	16,200	36,000	45%
Reserves				
Extraordinary Capital/Operations	4,167	41,667	50,000	83%
1st Quarter Operations Reserve	3,672	36,720	44,064	83%
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 161,701	\$ 535,461	\$ 712,089	75%
 Net Increase/ (Decrease) in Fund Balance	 (161,687)	 198,084	 -	
 Fund Balance - Beginning	 564,512	 134,192	 134,192	
Extraordinary Capital/Operations Reserve	4,167	41,667	50,000	
1st Quarter Operations Reserve	3,672	36,720	44,064	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 410,663	\$ 410,663	\$ 228,256	

Currents Community Development District
Debt Service Fund - Series 2020A
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Through July 31, 2026

Description	July	Year to Date	Total Annual Budget	% of Budget
Revenue and Other Sources				
Carryforward	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	0%
Interest Income				
Reserve Account	941	9,898	12,500	79%
Revenue Account	1,091	14,804	8,000	185%
Special Assessment Revenue				
Special Assessments - On Roll	13	674,873	701,123	96%
Other Fees and Charges				
Fees/Discounts for Early Payment	-	-	(45,867)	0%
Total Revenue and Other Sources	\$ 2,045	\$ 699,575	\$ 675,756	104%
Expenditures and Other Uses				
Debt Service				
Principal Debt Service - Mandatory				
Series 2020A	-	240,000	240,000	100%
Interest Expense				
Series 2020A	-	416,150	416,150	100%
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ -	\$ 656,150	\$ 656,150	100%
Net Increase/ (Decrease) in Fund Balance	2,045	43,425	19,606	
Fund Balance - Beginning	710,806	669,426	669,426	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 712,851	\$ 712,851	\$ 689,032	

Currents Community Development District
Debt Service Fund - Series 2020B
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Through July 31, 2026

Description	July	Year to Date	Total Annual Budget	% of Budget
Revenue and Other Sources				
Carryforward	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	0%
Interest Income				
Reserve Account	729	8,923	20,186	44%
Revenue Account	14	454	654	69%
Prepayment Account	936	12,082	-	0%
Special Assessment Revenue				
Special Assessments - Off Roll	80	270,641	345,844	78%
Special Assessments - Prepayments	199,622	1,758,920	-	0%
Total Revenue and Other Sources	\$ 201,382	\$ 2,051,020	\$ 366,684	559%
Expenditures and Other Uses				
Debt Service				
Principal Debt Service - Mandatory				
Series 2020B	-	-	-	0%
Principal Debt Service - Early Redemptions				
Series 2020B	-	1,835,000	-	0%
Interest Expense				
Series 2020B	-	300,581	345,844	87%
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ -	\$ 2,135,581	\$ 345,844	617%
Net Increase/ (Decrease) in Fund Balance	201,382	(84,561)	20,840	
Fund Balance - Beginning	683,917	969,860	969,860	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 885,299	\$ 885,299	\$ 990,700	

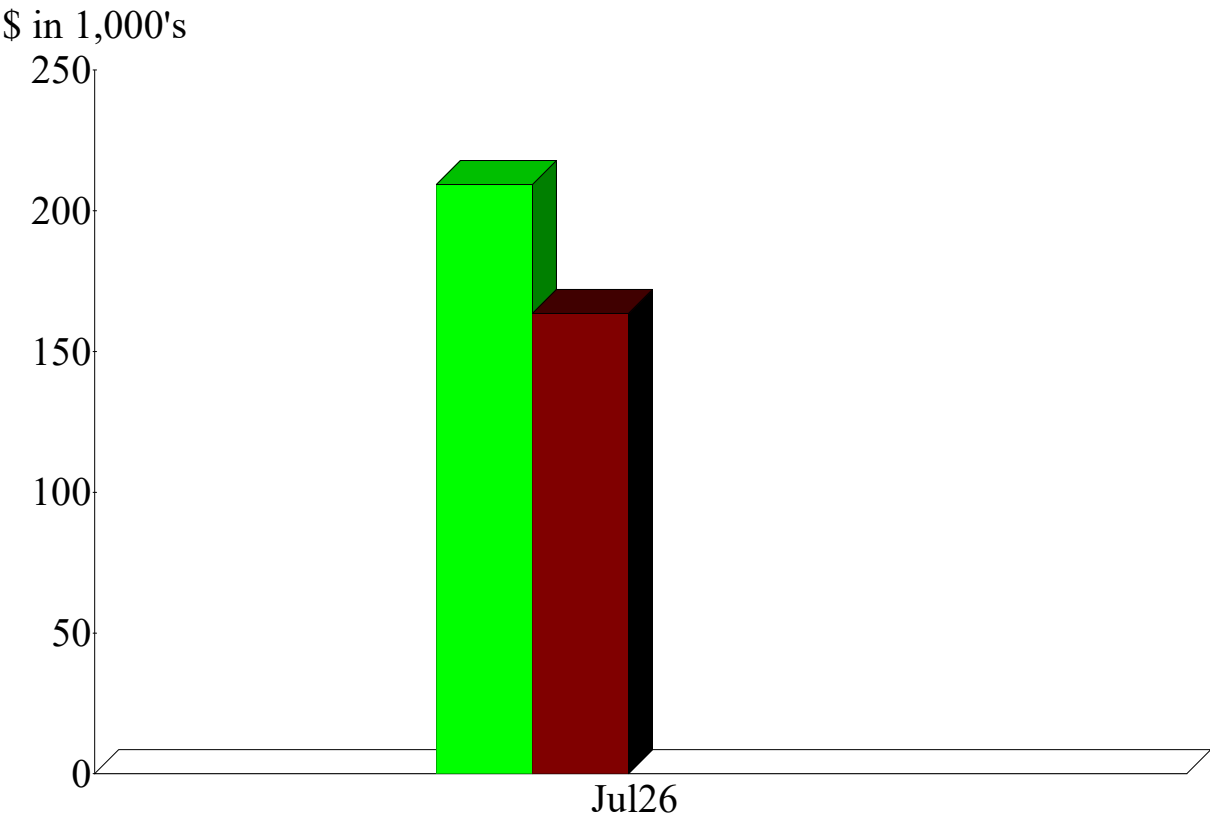
Currents Community Development District
Debt Service Fund - Series 2024
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Through July 31, 2026

Description	July	Year to Date	Total Annual Budget	% of Budget
Revenue and Other Sources				
Carryforward	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	0%
Interest Income				
Reserve Account	1,875	19,726	29,076	68%
Revenue Account	1,864	24,786	1,889	1312%
Prepayment Account	146	668	-	0%
Interest Account	1	3	-	0%
Capitalized Interest Account	-	1	300	0%
Special Assessment Revenue				
Special Assessments - On Roll	26	1,346,165	1,398,499	96%
Special Assessments - Prepayments	-	33,107	-	0%
Other Fees and Charges				
Fees/Discounts for Early Payment	-	-	(91,491)	0%
Intragovernmental Transfer In	-	-	-	0%
Total Revenue and Other Sources	\$ 3,912	\$ 1,424,454	\$ 1,338,273	106%
Expenditures and Other Uses				
Debt Service				
Principal Debt Service - Mandatory				
Series 2024	-	270,000	270,000	100%
Principal Debt Service - Early Redemptions				
Series 2024	-	35,000	-	0%
Interest Expense				
Series 2024	-	1,039,165	1,039,165	100%
Intragovernmental Transfer Out	1,875	19,726	-	0%
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 1,875	\$ 1,363,891	\$ 1,309,165	104%
Net Increase/ (Decrease) in Fund Balance	2,037	60,564	29,108	
Fund Balance - Beginning	1,343,091	1,284,565	1,284,565	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 1,345,128	\$ 1,345,128	\$ 1,313,673	

Currents Community Development District
Construction Project Fund - Series 2024
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Through July 31, 2026

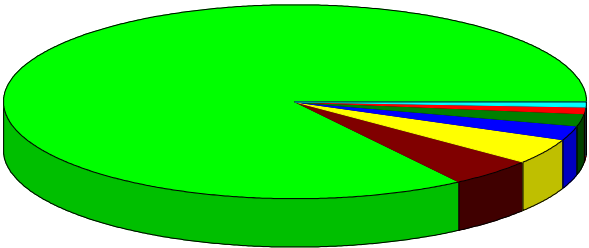
Description	July	Year to Date	Total Annual Budget	% of Budget
Revenue and Other Sources				
Carryforward	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	0%
Interest Income				
Construction Account	87	631	-	0%
Intragovernmental Transfer in	1,875	19,726	-	0%
Total Revenue and Other Sources	\$ 1,962	\$ 20,357	\$ -	0%
Expenditures and Other Uses				
Capital Outlay				
Intragovernmental Transfer Out	-	-	-	0%
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	0%
Net Increase/ (Decrease) in Fund Balance	1,962	20,357	-	
Fund Balance - Beginning	(2,950,985)	(2,969,380)	-	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ (2,949,023)	\$ (2,949,023)	\$ -	

Currents Community Development District
Income and Expense by Month
July 2026



Expense Summary
July 2026

5380000 · Stormwater Mgmt-C	84.63%
9099000 · Reserve Allocations	4.79
5130000 · Financial and Administ	4.37
5120000 · Executive	2.39
5390000 · Other Physical Environ	2.20
5810000 · Interfund Transfer Out	1.15
5140000 · Legal Services	0.47
Total	\$163,576.05



By Account

Currents

Community Development District

Financial Statements
August 31, 2026

PFM Management Services LLC
3501 Quadrangle Boulevard, Suite 270
Orlando, Florida 32817
Phone: (954) 658-4900

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	Governmental Funds						Totals (Memorandum Only)
	General Fund	Debt Service Funds		Capital Project Fund		Account Groups	
		Series 2020A	Series 2020B	Series 2024	Series 2024	General Long Term Debt	

Total Assets	\$ 362,867	\$ 714,968	\$ 484,740	\$ 1,311,685	\$ 135,461	\$ 34,310,000	\$ 32,764,603	\$ 70,084,324
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Currents Community Development District
Balance Sheet
Through August 31, 2026

	Governmental Funds						Account Groups		Totals (Memorandum Only)	
	General Fund		Debt Service Funds		Capital Project Fund					
		Series 2020A	Series 2020B	Series 2024	Series 2024	General Long Term Debt	General Fixed Assets			
Liabilities										
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Due to Other Funds										
General Fund		-		-		-		-		-
Debt Service Fund(s)		-		-		-		-		-
Notes Payable		-		-		-	3,082,451		-	3,082,451
Bonds Payable										
Current Portion (Due within 12 months)										
Series 2020A		-		-		-	\$250,000		-	250,000
Series 2020B		-		-		-	-		-	-
Series 2024		-		-		-	\$285,000		-	285,000
Long Term										
Series 2020A		-		-		-	10,075,000		-	10,075,000
Series 2020B		-		-		-	5,750,000		-	5,750,000
Series 2024		-		-		-	\$17,950,000		-	17,950,000
Total Liabilities	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 34,310,000	\$	-	\$ 37,392,451
Fund Equity and Other Credits										
Investment in General Fixed Assets		-		-		-	-	32,764,603		32,764,603
Fund Balance										
Restricted										
Beginning: October 1, 2025 (Unaudited)		-	669,426	969,860	1,284,565	(2,969,380)	-		-	(45,529)
Results from Current Operations		-	45,542	(485,119)	27,120	22,390	-		-	(390,068)
Unassigned										
Beginning: October 1, 2025 (Unaudited)	134,192		-	-	-	-	-		-	134,192
Additions/(Expenditures) to General Fund										
Extraordinary Capital/Operations Reserve	45,833		-	-	-	-	-		-	45,833
1st Qtr Operations Reserve	40,392		-	-	-	-	-		-	40,392
Results from Current Operations	142,449		-	-	-	-	-		-	142,449
Total Fund Equity and Other Credits	\$ 362,867	\$ 714,968	\$ 484,740	\$ 1,311,685	\$ (2,946,990)	\$ -	\$ 32,764,603	\$	32,691,873	
Total Liabilities, Fund Equity and Other Credits	\$ 362,867	\$ 714,968	\$ 484,740	\$ 1,311,685	\$ 135,461	\$ 34,310,000	\$ 32,764,603	\$	70,084,324	

Currents Community Development District
General Fund
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Through August 31, 2026

Description	August	Year to Date	Total Annual Budget	% of Budget
Revenue and Other Sources				
Carryforward	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	0%
Special Assessment Revenue				
Special Assessments - On-Roll	-	733,545	765,687	96%
Other Fees and Charges				
Discounts/Collection Fees	-	-	(53,598)	0%
Total Revenue and Other Sources	\$ -	733,545	\$ 765,687	96%
Expenditures and Other Uses				
Executive				
Professional Management	3,917	43,083	47,000	92%
Financial and Administrative				
Audit Services	-	4,200	4,500	93%
Accounting Services	3,333	36,667	40,000	92%
Assessment Roll Services	3,333	36,667	40,000	92%
Arbitrage Rebate Services	-	-	1,500	0%
Other Contractual Services				
Legal Advertising	-	2,324	4,200	55%
Trustee Services	4,246	4,246	11,250	38%
Dissemination Agent Services	-	3,500	5,000	70%
Bond Amortization Schedules	-	750	1,500	50%
Property Appraiser Fees	-	20,369	750	2716%
Rentals and Leases	-	374	-	0%
Bank Service Fees	-	-	250	0%
Communications & Freight Services				
Postage, Freight & Messenger	66	823	500	165%
Computer Services - Website Development	-	2,400	2,400	100%
Insurance	-	7,199	7,000	103%
Printing & Binding	-	-	100	0%
Subscription & Memberships	-	175	175	100%
Legal Services				
Legal - General Counsel	-	2,173	10,000	22%
Legal - Series 2024 Bonds	257	1,562	-	0%
Other General Government Services				
Engineering Services	-	-	10,000	0%

Currents Community Development District
General Fund
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Through August 31, 2026

Description	August	Year to Date	Total Annual Budget	% of Budget
Stormwater Management Services				
Professional - Management	2,568	20,213	60,000	34%
Lake System				
Aquatic Weed Control	6,690	70,685	80,000	88%
Lake Bank Maintenance	-	1,000	22,000	5%
Water Quality Reporting/Testing	-	8,850.00	15,000	59%
Littoral Shelf - Invasive Plant Ctrl	-	-	10,000	0%
Control Structures/Catch Basin/Outfall	-	120,000	120,000	100%
Preserve Services				
Repairs & Maintenance	1,742	38,929	15,000	260%
Monitoring	-	720	12,000	6%
Capital Outlay				
Littoral Shelf Plantings	-	20,950	10,000	210%
Erosion Restoration	19,844	30,412	24,500	124%
Contingencies	-	8,600.00	27,400	31%
Landscaping				
Repairs & Maintenance	1,800	18,000	36,000	50%
Reserves				
Extraordinary Capital/Operations	4,167	45,833	50,000	92%
1st Quarter Operations Reserve	3,672	40,392	44,064	92%
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 55,635	\$ 591,096	\$ 712,089	83%
 Net Increase/ (Decrease) in Fund Balance	 (55,635)	 142,449	 -	
 Fund Balance - Beginning	 410,663	 134,192	 134,192	
Extraordinary Capital/Operations Reserve	4,167	45,833	50,000	
1st Quarter Operations Reserve	3,672	40,392	44,064	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 362,867	\$ 362,867	\$ 228,256	

Currents Community Development District
Debt Service Fund - Series 2020A
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Through August 31, 2026

Description	August	Year to Date	Total Annual Budget	% of Budget
Revenue and Other Sources				
Carryforward	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	0%
Interest Income				
Reserve Account	973	10,871	12,500	87%
Revenue Account	1,144	15,948	8,000	199%
Special Assessment Revenue				
Special Assessments - On Roll	-	674,873	701,123	96%
Other Fees and Charges				
Fees/Discounts for Early Payment	-	-	(45,867)	0%
Total Revenue and Other Sources	\$ 2,117	\$ 701,692	\$ 675,756	104%
Expenditures and Other Uses				
Debt Service				
Principal Debt Service - Mandatory				
Series 2020A	-	240,000	240,000	100%
Interest Expense				
Series 2020A	-	416,150	416,150	100%
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ -	\$ 656,150	\$ 656,150	100%
Net Increase/ (Decrease) in Fund Balance	2,117	45,542	19,606	
Fund Balance - Beginning	712,851	669,426	669,426	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 714,968	\$ 714,968	\$ 689,032	

Currents Community Development District
Debt Service Fund - Series 2020B
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Through August 31, 2026

Description	August	Year to Date	Total Annual Budget	% of Budget
Revenue and Other Sources				
Carryforward	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	0%
Interest Income				
Reserve Account	726	9,648	20,186	48%
Revenue Account	19	473	654	72%
Prepayment Account	1,440	13,523	-	0%
Special Assessment Revenue				
Special Assessments - Off Roll	-	270,641	345,844	78%
Special Assessments - Prepayments	36,878	1,795,798	-	0%
Total Revenue and Other Sources	\$ 39,063	\$ 2,090,084	\$ 366,684	570%
Expenditures and Other Uses				
Debt Service				
Principal Debt Service - Mandatory				
Series 2020B	-	-	-	0%
Principal Debt Service - Early Redemptions				
Series 2020B	435,000	2,270,000	-	0%
Interest Expense				
Series 2020B	4,622	305,203	345,844	88%
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 439,622	\$ 2,575,203	\$ 345,844	745%
Net Increase/ (Decrease) in Fund Balance	(400,558)	(485,119)	20,840	
Fund Balance - Beginning	885,299	969,860	969,860	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 484,740	\$ 484,740	\$ 990,700	

Currents Community Development District
Debt Service Fund - Series 2024
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Through August 31, 2026

Description	August	Year to Date	Total Annual Budget	% of Budget
Revenue and Other Sources				
Carryforward	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	0%
Interest Income				
Reserve Account	1,937	21,663	29,076	75%
Revenue Account	1,954	26,740	1,889	1416%
Prepayment Account	101	769	-	0%
Interest Account	1	4	-	0%
Capitalized Interest Account	-	1	300	0%
Special Assessment Revenue				
Special Assessments - On Roll	-	1,346,165	1,398,499	96%
Special Assessments - Prepayments	-	33,107	-	0%
Other Fees and Charges				
Fees/Discounts for Early Payment	-	-	(91,491)	0%
Intragovernmental Transfer In	-	-	-	0%
Total Revenue and Other Sources	\$ 3,994	\$ 1,428,448	\$ 1,338,273	107%
Expenditures and Other Uses				
Debt Service				
Principal Debt Service - Mandatory				
Series 2024	-	270,000	270,000	100%
Principal Debt Service - Early Redemptions				
Series 2024	35,000	70,000	-	0%
Interest Expense				
Series 2024	500	1,039,665	1,039,165	100%
Intragovernmental Transfer Out	1,937	21,663	-	0%
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 37,437	\$ 1,401,328	\$ 1,309,165	107%
Net Increase/ (Decrease) in Fund Balance	(33,443)	27,120	29,108	
Fund Balance - Beginning	1,345,128	1,284,565	1,284,565	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 1,311,685	\$ 1,311,685	\$ 1,313,673	

Currents Community Development District
Construction Project Fund - Series 2024
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Through August 31, 2026

Description	August	Year to Date	Total Annual Budget	% of Budget
Revenue and Other Sources				
Carryforward	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	0%
Interest Income				
Construction Account	96	727	-	0%
Intragovernmental Transfer in	1,937	21,663	-	0%
Total Revenue and Other Sources	\$ 2,033	\$ 22,390	\$ -	0%
Expenditures and Other Uses				
Capital Outlay				
Intragovernmental Transfer Out	-	-	-	0%
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	0%
 Net Increase/ (Decrease) in Fund Balance	 2,033	 22,390	 -	
Fund Balance - Beginning	(2,949,023)	(2,969,380)	-	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ (2,946,990)	\$ (2,946,990)	\$ -	

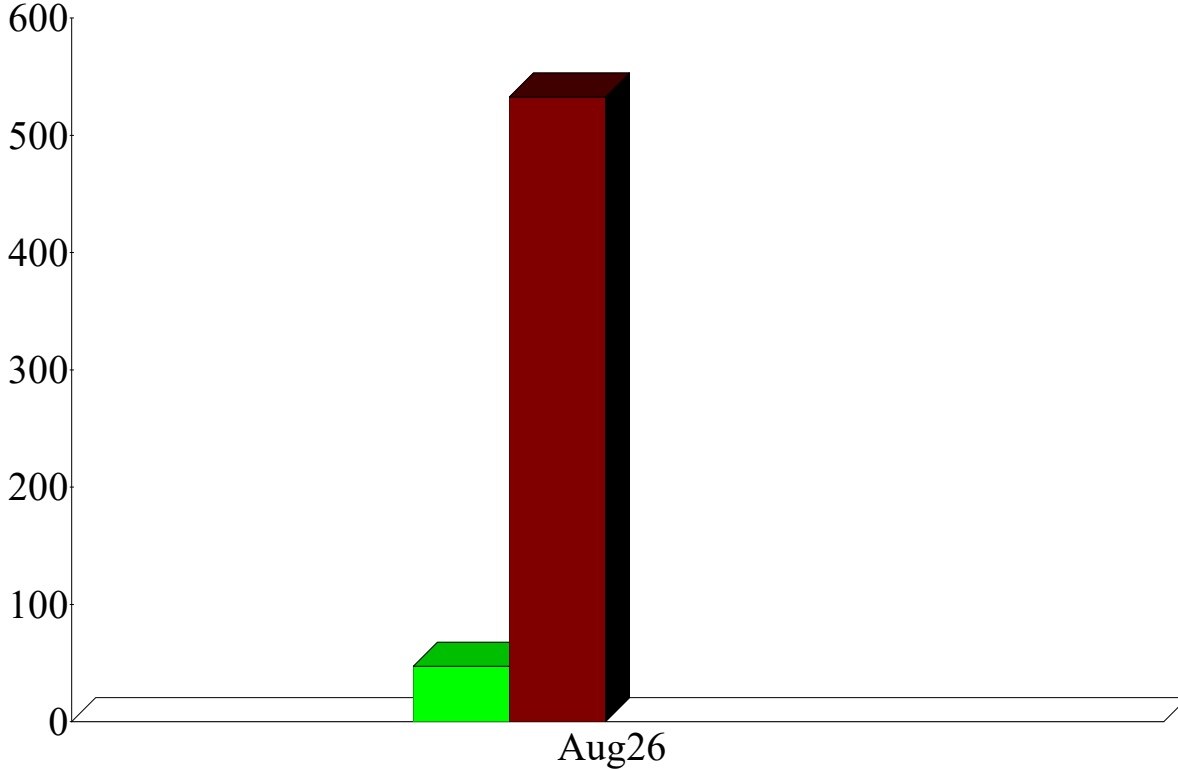
Currents Community Development District

Income and Expense by Month

August 2026

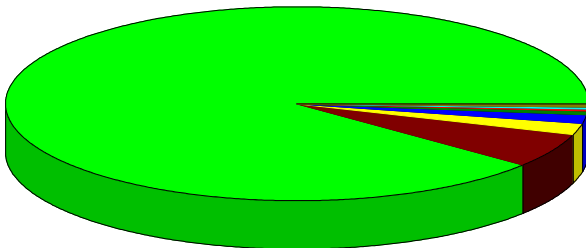


\$ in 1,000's



Expense Summary August 2026

5170000 · Debt Service	89.19%
5380000 · Stormwater Mgmt-Con	5.79
5130000 · Financial and Administ	2.06
9099000 · Reserve Allocations	1.47
5120000 · Executive	0.74
5810000 · Interfund Transfer Out	0.36
5390000 · Other Physical Environ	0.34
5140000 · Legal Services	0.05
Total	\$532,693.91



By Account